EXHIBIT O

In Re: HIGH-TECH EMPLOYEE ANTITRUST LITIGATION

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

IN RE: HIGH-TECH EMPLOYEE)	
ANTITRUST LITIGATION)	
)	No. 11-CV-2509-LHK
THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:)	
ALL ACTIONS.)	
)	

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY

VIDEO DEPOSITION OF KATHRYN SHAW, PH.D.

JULY 3, 2013

Reported by: Rosalie A. Kramm, CSR No. 5469, CRR

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Der	osition	of	Kathry	vn Shaw	7. Ph.D.

09:37:14	Q. How about Batts and the service sector customer			
09:37:17	service study? AT&T?			
09:37:21	A. AT&T, I don't recall that paper.			
09:37:24	Q. How about Cockburn in 1999 about			
09:37:26	pharmaceuticals?			
09:37:27	A. Yes, that's an insider paper.			
09:37:29	Q. And Landers in 1996 about law firms?			
09:37:32	A. That's not an insider paper.			
09:37:34	Q. In terms of vending the field, it seems that			
09:37:40 1	there have been many people that preceded you in doing			
09:37:43 1	this work; isn't that fair?			
09:37:45 12	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form?			
09:37:47 13	THE WITNESS: There have been isolated			
09:37:48 1	instances in which people have done work that is of an			
09:37:52 1	insider econometric nature. But to really call it a			
09:37:56 1	field and to outline the methodology for doing this type			
09:38:01 1	of work had not been done before. And it was really a			
09:38:06 1	nascent field as we developed it.			
09:38:09 1	And the paper we wrote on the steel			
09:38:12 2	manufacturing plants is really one of the original papers			
09:38:16 2	showing how insider econometrics would be done.			
09:38:21 2	BY MS. DERMODY:			
09:38:21 23	Q. And that paper was done in what year?			
09:38:24 2	A. The late '90s.			
09:38:26 2	Q. Uh-huh. Do you know if anyone other than you			

09:38:28 1	teaches a course covering insider econometrics as a			
09:38:32 2	label?			
09:38:34 3	A. I don't know.			
09:38:36 4	Q. You're not aware of anyone else that does; is			
09:38:38 5	that correct?			
09:38:39 6	A. I'm not aware of it.			
09:38:42 7	Q. Okay. And this field that you claim you			
09:38:44 8	invented, insider econometrics, how is insider			
09:38:50 9	information used?			
09:38:51 10	A. Insider information is used to understand the			
09:38:54 11	nature of the environment and form testable hypotheses.			
09:39:05 12	Q. And is this done through developing a study?			
09:39:08 13	A. What do you mean by "a study"?			
09:39:10 14	Q. Why don't you tell me how this is done. How do			
09:39:13 15	you go about understanding the nature of the environment			
09:39:15 16	and forming testable hypotheses?			
09:39:19 17	A. You go to individual firms, and you talk to			
09:39:22 18	them about their production function, about their human			
09:39:26 19	resource practices, about their environment, and you			
09:39:31 20	identify a testable hypothesis that you would like to			
09:39:38 21	research.			
09:39:40 22	Q. And does this approach necessarily involve			
09:39:43 23	doing interviews?			
09:39:45 24	A. Yes, it does.			
09:39:46 25	Q. Could a survey also be used in place of			

09:39:48	1	interviews?
09:39:50	2	A. Surveys can be part of the insider approach,
09:39:53	3	but interviews are important.
09:39:59	4	Q. Let me ask you, if you were studying a pay
09:40:02	5	system in a large firm, would you want to speak with the
09:40:06	6	director of compensation to get an overview of how the
09:40:10	7	pay system was designed to work?
09:40:12	8	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:40:13	9	THE WITNESS: You'd want to speak to the
09:40:16	10	yeah, the director of compensation, but also to to
09:40:18	11	others, as well.
09:40:19	12	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:40:20	13	Q. And if the company you were studying gave you a
09:40:23	14	list of the senior managers most knowledgeable about the
09:40:26	15	practice you were studying, would you want to speak with
09:40:29	16	those individuals?
09:40:31	17	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:40:33	18	THE WITNESS: I'd want to speak with an
09:40:35	19	assortment of people in the company in order to ascertain
09:40:38	20	the, you know, way in which compensation practices are
09:40:43	21	implemented.
09:40:44	22	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:40:45	23	Q. My question is, if you were given a list of
09:40:48	24	senior managers most knowledgeable about the practice, do
09:40:50 2	25	you have any reason to ignore that list?

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09:40:54	1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form?
09:40:55	2	THE WITNESS: To ignore the list? In what
09:40:57	3	sense?
09:40:58	4	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:40:58	5	Q. Ignore it and go pick your own people to
09:41:00	6	interview.
09:41:05	7	A. I you know, I'd want to develop a list.
09:41:08	8	Whether I used their list or whether I have some prior
09:41:11	9	knowledge of people I want to interview, I can't say.
09:41:14	10	Q. How would you pick a list of people to
09:41:16	11	interview that was different than what the company shared
09:41:18	12	with you as a starting point?
09:41:28	13	MR. TUBACH: Object to the form of the
09:41:29	14	question.
09:41:31	15	MS. DERMODY: Excuse me. There is one person
09:41:32	16	defending. Thank you.
09:41:35	17	THE WITNESS: Would you repeat the question?
09:41:36	18	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:41:37	19	Q. Sure. I asked you if the company gave you a
09:41:41	20	list of the senior managers most knowledgeable about the
09:41:44	21	practice, would you use that list as a starting point for
09:41:47	22	interviews?

09:41:48 23

09:41:49 24

09:41:50 25

MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.

gather my own list. You know, I -- probably I would

THE WITNESS: I would use that list. I would

09:41:56 1	interview people on their list.
09:42:00 2	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:42:00 3	Q. Is there any reason you wouldn't interview the
09:42:02 4	people on their list as a starting point?
09:42:06 5	MR. KIERNAN: Same objection.
09:42:07 6	THE WITNESS: It depends on whether I'm
09:42:09 7	knowledgeable about the company, and I have other people
09:42:11 8	I'd like to identify to interview.
09:42:13 9	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:42:13 10	Q. Okay. Let's assume you aren't knowledgeable
09:42:16 11	about the company. Would you start with a list the
09:42:19 12	company gave you?
09:42:21 13	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:42:22 14	THE WITNESS: I would begin with that list. I
09:42:23 15	might expand on that list.
09:42:25 16	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:42:25 17	Q. Okay. That's fair.
09:42:37 18	Is it true that insider econometrics analysis
09:42:40 19	is ultimately interested in estimating the effects of
09:42:44 20	organizational level practices?
09:42:46 21	A. Of organizational what?
09:42:49 22	Q. Level practices.
09:42:50 23	A. Of organizational practices, yes.
09:42:52 24	Q. And what does that mean?
09:42:54 25	A. We want to see whether human resource

09:42:57 1	management practices have effects on productivity or on
09:43:03 2	profitability or on some measure of performance.
09:43:07 3	Q. And in doing that work, is it true you're
09:43:11 4	looking at company-level policies, company-level
09:43:16 5	incentives?
09:43:17 6	A. Or they may be department level, but we're
09:43:20 7	looking at policies that the company uses, yes.
09:43:22 8	MS. DERMODY: Next in order.
09:43:22 9	THE REPORTER: Exhibit 2847.
09:43:23 10	(Exhibit 2847 was marked for identification.)
09:44:10 11	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:44:11 12	Q. Dr. Shaw, do you recognize what has been marked
09:44:13 13	as Exhibit 2847?
09:44:14 14	A. Yes, I do.
09:44:15 15	Q. And what is this?
09:44:16 16	A. This is a paper I wrote.
09:44:20 17	Q. Okay. And this is a paper that was published
09:44:23 18	in 2009; is that correct?
09:44:25 19	A. That's right.
09:44:26 20	Q. Okay. If you could please turn to what is
09:44:28 21	marked as page internally as page 614 of the document.
09:44:33 22	It's a few pages in.
09:44:39 23	A. Okay.
09:44:41 24	Q. And if you'll look in the left column of that
09:44:46 25	page, about four paragraphs down, there is a paragraph

09:44:50	1	that starts, "Data across establishments or firms as a		
09:44:54	2	primary source of the identification of the effect of an		
09:44:57	3	organizational innovation on productivity."		
09:45:00	4	Do you see that?		
09:45:01	5	A. Yes.		
09:45:01	6	Q. What does that mean?		
09:45:03	7	A. It means that in attempting to identify the		
09:45:07	8	effect of a human resource management practice on		
09:45:11	9	productivity, one source of data would be to gather data		
09:45:15	10	across establishments or firms in order to estimate the		
09:45:19	11	regression model.		
09:45:21	12	Q. And then going over to the right column of the		
09:45:25	13	same page, close to the top, there is a second header		
09:45:30	14	which is not bold, says, "3.1, corollary one, it is		
09:45:36	15	always nice to get more data to prove your point."		
09:45:39	16	Do you see that?		
09:45:40	17	A. Sure.		
09:45:41	18	Q. What does that mean?		
09:45:43	19	A. It means that when you're working with		
09:45:45	20	companies, you want to ask for data to do your		
09:45:52	21	econometrics analysis, and it means exactly what it says.		
09:45:57	22	More data is better than small amounts of data.		
09:46:03	23	Q. And why is that?		
09:46:05	24	A. Because it increases the power of your		
09:46:07	25	econometrics test.		

09:46:37 1	Q. And then staying on that page, in the same		
09:46:40 2	column, there is another header below that italicized		
09:46:44 3	one, also in italics, "3.1, corollary 2, add descriptive		
09:46:48 4	evidence from insiders."		
09:46:50 5	Do you see that?		
09:46:51 6	A. Yes.		
09:46:52 7	Q. And what does that involve?		
09:46:53 8	A. It means what it says below in the paragraph		
09:46:56 9	below that corollary, which is that it is helpful in		
09:47:00 10	doing an econometrics analysis to interview insiders and		
09:47:05 11	incorporate some of their views in your in your		
09:47:08 12	research paper.		
09:47:09 13	Q. If you look in the in that paragraph that's		
09:47:20 14	underneath that italicized header, the very last sentence		
09:47:25 15	says, "A good story can go a long way in reassuring the		
09:47:29 16	reader that the estimated model is a good way of		
09:47:32 17	interpreting the reality of the firm. Has the researcher		
09:47:36 18	found truth?"		
09:47:37 19	Do you see that?		
09:47:37 20	A. Yes, I do.		
09:47:39 21	Q. What does that mean?		
09:47:40 22	A. It means that when you do econometric analysis,		
09:47:43 23	and you're looking at data, it's always nice to have		
09:47:47 24	additional analysis from the insiders to corroborate the		

09:47:52 25

results that you find.

09:47:54 1	Q. And then on the next page, 615 of the document,
09:48:17 2	in the left column there is a bolded header, "Steps To
09:48:22 3	Take."
09:48:23 4	Do you see that?
09:48:23 5	A. Sure.
09:48:24 6	Q. And is that list essentially the key approach
09:48:26 7	that you would take to do an econometric insider
09:48:29 8	econometric study?
09:48:31 9	A. Yes. It's the list I wrote at the time.
09:48:34 10	Q. Has that changed since 2009?
09:48:38 11	A. Well, I've written more papers on this. We
09:48:40 12	might have altered the list a little bit, but it's
09:48:43 13	basically as it says. It's steps to take.
09:48:47 14	Q. In looking at this list right now, is there
09:48:49 15	anything you can see on the list that you now disagree
09:48:52 16	with?
09:48:54 17	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:49:09 18	THE WITNESS: I don't disagree with any of it.
09:49:11 19	I've written other lists that are slightly different, but
09:49:14 20	this is one possible set of practices.
09:49:16 21	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:49:16 22	Q. Okay. And then going to the right column of
09:49:23 23	the page on 615, there is a numbered paragraph 4, and it
09:49:28 24	references using census data.
09:49:30 25	Do you see that?

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09:49:32 1	A. Uh-huh. Yes.
09:49:34 2	Q. Thank you. How can you use census data in your
09:49:36 3	work?
09:49:42 4	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:49:42 5	THE WITNESS: In my work? In what what do
09:49:45 6	you mean in my work?
09:49:46 7	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:49:46 8	Q. I meant in your insider econometric study.
09:49:50 9	A. Well, I've never used census data in my
09:49:54 10	econometrics studies, but others are beginning to do so
09:49:57 11	as data is becoming available, and I mention that in the
09:50:00 12	paragraph the below, that there are some industries, such
09:50:02 13	as trucking industry, retail trade, manufacturing
09:50:05 14	industries, where you can get census data, and you look
09:50:09 15	and match it to changes in practices over time, and I try
09:50:15 16	to identify the effect of management practices on
09:50:18 17	performance.
09:50:19 18	Q. And there is also census data about technology
09:50:23 19	positions; isn't that correct?
09:50:25 20	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:50:26 21	THE WITNESS: It depends. Census is census
09:50:30 22	is a huge institution. I don't know what census data
09:50:33 23	you're referring to.
09:50:34 24	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:50:35 25	Q. There is labor statistics about people in

09:50:37	1	different occupations; isn't that true?
09:50:40	2	A. Census has CPS data that show employment
09:50:45	3	earnings by occupation.
09:50:46	4	Q. And that would include certain occupations in
09:50:48	5	technology, too; isn't that correct?
09:50:50	6	A. It would include those, yes.
09:50:52	7	Q. Okay.
09:51:04	8	A. But that's very different census data than what
09:51:07	9	it is I'm writing about.
09:51:08	10	Q. Okay. And how is that?
09:51:10	11	A. What I'm writing about is census data on the
09:51:13	12	firm side, which is on the production and manufacturing
09:51:16	13	side, not on the individual side.
09:51:19	14	Q. And is it your view that census data on the
09:51:22	15	occupational side is irrelevant to econometric study?
09:51:27	16	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:51:30	17	THE WITNESS: It depends on the study.
09:51:32	18	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:51:32	19	Q. Okay. Is census data, in your view, ever
09:51:36	20	useful for econometric study?
09:51:39	21	A. Well, that's a very broad statement.
09:51:42	22	Certainly, since this data is used in econometric
09:51:48	23	studies.
09:51:49	24	Q. It's not on its face unreliable in your view;
09:51:52	25	is that correct?

09:51:53 1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:51:54 2	THE WITNESS: It depends on your testable
09:51:57 3	hypothesis and whether the data is appropriate for
09:52:01 4	testing that hypothesis.
09:52:02 5	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:52:03 6	Q. Okay. But the data itself is not something
09:52:06 7	that you shouldn't use merely because you're doing an
09:52:10 8	econometric study; is that correct?
09:52:13 9	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:52:13 10	THE WITNESS: It depends on the econometric
09:52:15 11	study.
09:52:16 12	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:52:19 13	Q. In page 616, which is the last page of this
09:52:27 14	paper before the references, on the right column, the
09:52:36 15	last paragraph, you write in the start of the paragraph,
09:52:40 16	"Ultimately, implementing insider econometrics is part
09:52:44 17	art and part science."
09:52:46 18	Do you see that?
09:52:47 19	A. Yes.
09:52:47 20	Q. What do you mean by that?
09:52:50 21	A. It means the science part is the
09:52:52 22	econometrics. It's the regressions that you run.
09:52:55 23	And the art is the way in which you sort of put
09:52:57 24	together the evidence so that the preponderance of
09:53:00 25	evidence tests the hypothesis. And so you have to be

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Deposition of Kathr	vn Shaw. Ph.D	١.
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09:53:04 1	somewhat artful in how you do that. There is not pure
09:53:08 2	scientific rules.
09:53:09 3	Q. And is there some art to constructing
09:53:12 4	regressions?
09:53:14 5	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
09:53:20 6	THE WITNESS: There is judgment. I wouldn't
09:53:21 7	say art applies to the regressions.
09:53:23 8	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:53:24 9	Q. Okay. In what sense is there judgment?
09:53:28 10	A. In estimating regressions you have to judge
09:53:31 11	what the proper functional form is to test your
09:53:34 12	hypothesis.
09:54:37 13	THE REPORTER: Exhibit 2848.
09:54:38 14	(Exhibit 2848 was marked for identification.)
09:54:38 15	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:54:39 16	Q. Dr. Shaw, do you recognize what I have placed
09:54:42 17	in front of you?
09:54:42 18	A. Yes, I do.
09:54:43 19	Q. Is this your expert report in this case?
09:54:46 20	A. Yes, it is.
09:54:47 21	Q. Can you turn to page 27 of the report.
09:55:01 22	A. Okay.
09:55:02 23	Q. Is that your signature on page 27?
09:55:03 24	A. Yes, it is.
09:55:04 25	Q. Did you sign that on June 21 or on a different

09:55:08	1	date?
09:55:08	2	A. On June 21st.
09:55:10	3	Q. Did you work with anyone else on this report?
09:55:15	4	A. In this report, I I wrote the report myself
09:55:20	5	and went through several versions of the report myself.
09:55:24	6	And I got feedback from counsel on some elements of the
09:55:31	7	report.
09:55:33	8	Q. Did you have any staff or students to help you?
09:55:35	9	A. No, I didn't.
09:55:40	10	Q. Did you do the actual word processing for this
09:55:43	11	report, that is the actual typing?
09:55:45	12	A. Yes, I did.
09:55:50	13	Q. If you turn to let's see Exhibit B, or
09:55:54	14	Appendix B, excuse me
09:55:59	15	A. Okay.
09:56:00	16	Q there is a list of documents on here; is
09:56:11	17	that correct?
09:56:11	18	A. That's right.
09:56:12	19	Q. And how did you select the transcripts and
09:56:15	20	depositions that you reviewed?
09:56:18	21	A. I reviewed many declarations and depositions,
09:56:24	22	and that were provided to me, and I reviewed them
09:56:30	23	based on an assortment of people at each company. So I
09:56:36	24	looked for people who would be CEOs, presidents, HR
09:56:42	25	professionals, and managers.

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Deposition	of Kathryr	1 Shaw, Ph.D	
Deposition	or Kaun vi	i Silaw, Fil.D	ı

09:56:43 1	Q. And how did you select which ones you'd review?
09:56:48 2	A. That's what I thought I just answered.
09:56:57 3	Q. So did you review all of the declarations and
09:57:00 4	depositions that were given to you?
09:57:01 5	A. I reviewed yes, I reviewed all the
09:57:05 6	declarations. There are some depositions that I didn't
09:57:07 7	review, but I reviewed the majority.
09:57:12 8	Q. And is it your understanding these are all the
09:57:14 9	depositions in the case?
09:57:21 10	A. Listed in this appendix?
09:57:23 11	Q. Yes.
09:57:24 12	A. No. These are not all the depositions in the
09:57:26 13	case.
09:57:26 14	Q. Do you know how many depositions were taken in
09:57:28 15	this case?
09:57:29 16	A. No, I don't.
09:57:35 17	Q. Did you review for the depositions the complete
09:57:38 18	transcripts or only parts of them?
09:57:41 19	A. For the most part, I reviewed the complete
09:57:43 20	transcripts, but there are places where I skimmed them.
09:57:47 21	Q. Did you review summaries of transcripts
09:57:53 22	prepared by other people?
09:57:54 23	A. No, I didn't.
09:57:57 24	Q. Did you request to get any materials that you
09:57:59 25	did not get?

09:58:02	A. I requested to get materials that were relevant
09:58:05	to the case. I didn't I don't know of any materials I
09:58:07	did not get.
09:58:10	Q. I note on this list there is no mention of the
09:58:14	reports of Plaintiffs' expert, Dr. Edward Leamer,
09:58:20	correct?
09:58:21	A. That's right.
09:58:22	Q. And did you not receive those reports?
09:58:23	A. No, I received them.
09:58:24 1	Q. And did you not review them?
09:58:26 1	A. I read them.
09:58:29 12	Q. You didn't list them here.
09:58:31 13	A. Well, they're not relevant to my assignment.
09:58:36 1	Q. And did you review the briefs that Plaintiffs
09:58:39 1	prepared in connection with class certification?
09:58:44 1	A. I I read them.
09:58:45 1	Q. But you didn't list them here.
09:58:47 1	A. Again, they're not relevant to my report.
09:58:55 1	MR. KIERNAN: Kelly, if you look at paragraph
09:58:57 2	15, she lists materials that she reviewed, and I think
09:59:01 2	Appendix B is what she's citing to in her report that
09:59:04 2	she's relying on.
09:59:06 23	THE WITNESS: Right. So
09:59:07 2	MR. KIERNAN: I just want to since you're
09:59:09 2	going focusing on Appendix B, some of the materials

09:59:13 1	that you just listed are listed in paragraph 15.
09:59:18 2	MS. DERMODY: Can you point out to me in
09:59:20 3	paragraph 15, Counsel, where it says Leamer's report
09:59:23 4	or
09:59:24 5	MR. KIERNAN: It says "experts reports," fourth
09:59:27 6	line down.
09:59:30 7	MS. DERMODY: It's not clear from this that
09:59:32 8	we're talking about Leamer as opposed to Hallock.
09:59:35 9	MR. KIERNAN: That includes all expert reports.
09:59:39 10	BY MS. DERMODY:
09:59:39 11	Q. Is that true?
09:59:40 12	A. That's true.
09:59:50 13	Q. Did you also review the declarations Plaintiffs
09:59:54 14	submitted attaching evidence in connection with the class
09:59:57 15	certification?
09:59:58 16	A. I read all the declarations that were provided
10:00:01 17	to me.
10:00:02 18	Q. Okay. Do you recall if you read declarations
10:00:04 19	of Plaintiffs' counsel?
10:00:10 20	A. I don't know what that is.
10:00:13 21	Q. You don't list them in your Appendix B.
10:00:17 22	A. I don't know what a "declaration of Plaintiffs'
10:00:19 23	counsel" is.
10:00:21 24	Q. So when you read declarations, did you notice
10:00:25 25	the people wrote who they were and what their titles

10:32:06	1	A. Again, I haven't been asked to evaluate what
10:32:08	2	percentage of base is paid is tied to performance.
10:32:12	3	Q. Do you know do you have empirical evidence
10:32:15	4	that base salary is tied to performance at each of these
10:32:19	5	firms?
10:32:20	6	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:32:28	7	THE WITNESS: There is evidence showing
10:32:29	8	dispersion of pay, which suggests that it is associated
10:32:34	9	with individual performance differences, but the but
10:32:38	10	I I don't draw upon evidence, and I was not asked to
10:32:44	11	look at evidence to to document the connection between
10:32:48	12	performance and pay.
10:32:49	13	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:32:53	14	Q. So you've not reviewed any data that reflects a
10:32:56	15	connection between performance rating and base salary; is
10:33:00	16	that correct?
10:33:01	17	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:33:02	18	THE WITNESS: Between performance rating and
10:33:05	19	base salary?
10:33:06	20	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:33:07	21	Q. Yes.
10:33:07	22	A. That's correct. I haven't reviewed any data.
10:33:09	23	Q. And your opinion here that individual
10:33:11	24	performance creates a difference between employees is
10:33:15	25	related solely to dispersion of salaries across the

10:33:20	1	companies; is that correct?
10:33:22	2	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:33:24	3	THE WITNESS: And it's related to the
10:33:25	4	qualitative evidence in the case, talking about the use
10:33:29	5	of the philosophy, pay for performance, and how it was
10:33:32	6	implemented.
10:33:34	7	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:33:36	8	Q. So your opinion is that because there was a
10:33:39	9	discussion of pay for performance at the companies and
10:33:42	10	there was some variation in employee pay, that
10:33:47	11	therefore what?
10:33:50	12	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:33:52	13	THE WITNESS: My view is that the preponderance
10:33:53	14	of evidence, both on the qualitative side and the
10:33:58	15	quantitative side, describes a pay-for-performance
10:34:01	16	environment in each of these firms.
10:34:04	17	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:34:04	18	Q. And your view is also a pay-for-performance
10:34:07	19	system sorry that each of these companies also
10:34:09	20	followed principles of internal equity; isn't that true?
10:34:13	21	A. It depends on how you define "internal equity."
10:34:16	22	Q. Well, how do you define it?
10:34:17	23	A. Well, as I stated in my doc in my report,
10:34:21	24	the way I define "internal equity" is internal equity is
10:34:25	25	simply a notion that managers should consider the pay of

10:34:28	1	similarly-performing employees doing similar work when
10:34:32	2	setting an individual's pay.
10:34:33	3	Q. Okay. Under that definition, would you agree
10:34:36	4	that all of the Defendants follow principles of internal
10:34:39	5	equity?
10:34:40	6	A. For the most part
10:34:41	7	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:34:42	8	THE WITNESS: they follow the concept of
10:34:43	9	internal equity.
10:34:46	10	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:34:46	11	Q. Are you familiar with the term "pay
10:34:59	12	compression"?
10:34:59	13	A. Yes.
10:35:00	14	Q. And what is that?
10:35:01	15	A. Pay compression means that the pay of the less
10:35:05	16	experienced new hire may be higher than the older
10:35:11	17	experienced employee.
10:36:18	18	Q. In your view, pay compression is not a
10:36:21	19	flattening of pay so that wages don't get out of line?
10:36:25	20	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:36:25	21	THE WITNESS: I don't know what you mean by
10:36:26	22	"flattening" or "out of line."
10:36:28	23	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:36:29	24	Q. The example you gave is pay compression means
10:36:31	25	that someone with less experience could have more pay

10:36:34 1	than an older experienced employee, right? Isn't that
10:36:38 2	what you said?
10:36:38 3	A. Yes. That's what I said.
10:36:41 4	Q. But isn't pay compression also when there is a
10:36:43 5	flattening of wages to keep wages in line with each
10:36:47 6	other?
10:36:48 7	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:36:49 8	THE WITNESS: I still don't know what you mean
10:36:50 9	by "flattening." That's not a term I use.
10:36:53 10	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:36:54 11	Q. Do you understand the idea of related pay?
10:36:58 12	A. No, I don't.
10:37:10 13	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Could you move the paper
10:37:10 14	away from your microphone cord?
10:37:10 15	MS. DERMODY: Yes.
10:37:12 16	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It makes a noise.
10:37:18 17	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:37:18 18	Q. What do you understand the term "compression"
10:37:19 19	to mean?
10:37:21 20	A. I just defined it.
10:37:22 21	Q. You defined "paid compression."
10:37:25 22	A. Well, I'm not thinking about tire compression.
10:37:28 23	I don't know what what what kind of compression do
10:37:31 24	you want me to define?
10:37:33 25	Q. Well, isn't "compression" a term that describes

10:37:36	1	a flattening of something?
10:37:38	2	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:37:41	3	THE WITNESS: A flattening of what? I I
10:37:43	4	I don't know what you mean. Flattening with respect to
10:37:46	5	what?
10:37:46	6	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:37:47	7	Q. In the context of pay, a flattening of related
10:37:50	8	salaries.
10:37:51	9	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:37:52	10	THE WITNESS: No, I think you'd have to define
10:37:53	11	"flattening" more carefully for me to evaluate what you
10:38:00	12	mean by "flattening."
10:38:01	13	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:38:02	14	Q. You understand how the concept internal equity
10:38:04	15	can create comparisons between people doing similar work,
10:38:07	16	correct?
10:38:07	17	A. As I defined it, it is making comparisons in
10:38:11	18	pay between people who are who are similar-performing
10:38:15	19	employees doing similar work.
10:38:17	20	Q. Okay. And if there are employees that are
10:38:21	21	doing similar work, and one of those employees was to
10:38:25	22	get was to receive a salary increase, if the pay
10:38:31	23	the pay compression was a concept, wouldn't there be a
10:38:37	24	downward impact on the pay?
10:38:42	25	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.

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Deposition of Ka		Shaw, Ph.D. In Re: HIGH-TECH EMPLOYEE ANTITRUST LITIGATION
10:38:43	1	THE WITNESS: A downward impact on the pay of
10:38:44	2	what?
10:38:45	3	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:38:45	4	Q. Of the employee getting a salary increase.
10:38:48	5	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:38:49	6	THE WITNESS: You have to restate your
10:38:50	7	scenario. I I don't understand your scenario.
10:38:53	8	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:38:54	9	Q. In your field of study, you've looked at the
10:39:35	10	effects of personnel practices on certain objectives,
10:39:39	11	like productivity; is that correct?
10:39:42	12	A. That's right.
10:39:42	13	Q. And is it fair to say that you've observed that
10:39:45	14	sometimes the effects of personnel practices aren't felt
10:39:50	15	instantaneously?
10:39:52	16	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:39:57	17	THE WITNESS: The effects of personal practices
10:40:00	18	on productivity would have a lag structure. Is that what
10:40:02	19	you're referring to?
10:40:03	20	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:40:04	21	Q. Yes.
10:40:04	22	A. Yes. There could be a lag structure.
10:40:09	23	Q. And are you familiar with the term "rigid wage
10:40:13	24	structure"?
10:40:14	25	A. I've read the term.

10:40:15	1	Q. What is your understanding of what that means?
10:40:18	2	A. Well, I I read the term in Dr. Leamer's
10:40:21	3	report, but I don't have a clear understanding of what
10:40:24	4	that means.
10:40:25	5	Q. What does a "rigid wage structure" mean to you?
10:40:29	6	A. There is no common definition of a "rigid wage
10:40:33	7	structure" in my field.
10:40:34	8	Q. Would you have a hypothetical example of what
10:40:37	9	you would consider a "rigid wage structure"?
10:40:40	10	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:40:45	11	THE WITNESS: I could extrapolate and speculate
10:40:49	12	based upon Dr. Leamer's report what he meant by "rigid
10:40:53	13	wage structure."
10:40:54	14	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:40:54	15	Q. What do you think it means based on that
10:40:57	16	extrapolation?
10:40:58	17	A. My speculation on what "rigid wage structure"
10:41:01	18	means is that there are fixed wages between different job
10:41:04	19	categories.
10:41:04	20	Q. Is that different than salary ranges?
10:41:07	21	A. Completely different. Salary ranges are not
10:41:10	22	rigid wage structure.
10:41:12	23	Q. Okay. So the does the existence of salary
10:41:15	24	range excuse me.
10:41:17	25	Is the existence of a salary range incompatible

10:41:22	1	with the rigid wage structure in your view?
10:41:26	2	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:41:27	3	THE WITNESS: A salary range again, I
10:41:29	4	haven't defined a rigid wage structure, and I'm not sure
10:41:32	5	it can be defined. So it would be difficult for me to
10:41:34	6	say whether the existence of a salary range is consistent
10:41:38	7	or inconsistent with it.
10:41:41	8	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:42:02	9	Q. Is the existence of a salary range consistent
10:42:05	10	with a formal pay structure?
10:42:08	11	A. Yes. Formalized pay systems may well have
10:42:10	12	salary ranges as a part of their formalized systems.
10:42:14	13	Q. Okay. And are salary ranges consistent with a
10:42:19	14	pay-for-performance system?
10:42:22	15	A. Salary ranges are consistent with pay for
10:42:24	16	performance when they serve as guidelines for managers
10:42:28	17	when they're making pay decisions.
10:42:32	18	Q. And if managers pay 100 percent of the time
10:42:40	19	within salary ranges, does that lead to any conclusion
10:42:43	20	for you about whether there is a formal pay system?
10:42:48	21	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:42:49	22	THE WITNESS: I don't know what you mean by pay
10:42:50	23	100 percent of the time in salary ranges.
10:42:54	24	MS. DERMODY: Let me strike that.
10:43:01	25	Q. Does it matter to your analysis how frequently

10:43:05	1	managers pay within a salary range to determine whether
10:43:08	2	there is manager discretion at work in a
10:43:12	3	pay-for-performance system?
10:43:13	4	A. No, it does not matter.
10:43:15	5	Q. So even if it's a hundred percent of the time,
10:43:18	6	it doesn't change your view.
10:43:21	7	A. It could still managers may well pay within
10:43:24	8	the salary range as when the salary range is a guideline,
10:43:28	9	but they could still be using pay for performance.
10:43:31	10	Q. If one were to consider a series of objective
10:43:57	11	factors, a series of objective characteristics of
10:44:01	12	employees to compare similar employees do you follow
10:44:05	13	me so far?
10:44:06	14	A. Perhaps.
10:44:07	15	Q. Okay. And if you were looking at things like
10:44:09	16	title, tenure, age, gender, and location
10:44:15	17	A. Okay.
10:44:16	18	Q and that accounted for 90 percent of the
10:44:20	19	wages that employees were paid, leaving only 10 percent
10:44:24	20	that was different, would that be an example of a
10:44:29	21	pay-for-performance system or something else?
10:44:32	22	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:44:33	23	THE WITNESS: It can still be completely
10:44:35	24	consistent with a pay-for-performance system.
	25	//

10:44:38	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:44:44	2	Q. Is there some level of pay that is inconsistent
10:44:50	3	with a pay-for-performance system, some study that you
10:44:53	4	would do, other than having fixed wages?
10:44:58	5	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:44:59	6	THE WITNESS: Some study I would do? I'm not
10:45:01	7	sure I follow.
10:45:02	8	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:45:02	9	Q. Is there is there any type of firm you can
10:45:05	10	think of that doesn't have a pay-for-performance system?
10:45:07	11	A. Certainly there are firms without a
10:45:09	12	pay-for-performance system.
10:45:11	13	Q. Okay. What are they?
10:45:12	14	A. An example would be teachers, education. They
10:45:16	15	would use a salary schedule which in which your tenure
10:45:19	16	and your education would determine quite quite closely
10:45:26	17	what it is your pay should be.
10:45:34	18	Q. Any others?
10:45:35	19	A. Well, perhaps government workers, firefighters.
10:45:38	20	Traditional firms may well have a system that's not a
10:45:41	21	pay-for-performance system.
10:46:09	22	Q. You base a lot of your opinion on the fact
10:46:11	23	managers have some discretion around pay; is that
10:46:13	24	correct?
10:46:13	25	A. Yes, I believe managers have discretion.

10:46:16	1	Q. And is there a level of is there a
10:46:22	2	limitation on that discretion where you would no longer
10:46:25	3	think that that discretion mattered in this case?
10:46:28	4	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:46:34	5	THE WITNESS: I don't know how I I can't
10:46:36	6	imagine what you're referring to.
10:46:38	7	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:46:38	8	Q. Okay. Is there any empirical study that you
10:46:41	9	would do to test your hypothesis that managers exercise
10:46:44	10	substantial discretion?
10:46:46	11	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:47:00	12	THE WITNESS: It would be a difficult it
10:47:02	13	would be a difficult test to take to make.
10:47:07	14	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:47:07	15	Q. Okay. Can you come up with any idea?
10:47:09	16	A. I haven't been asked to do that, so I would
10:47:11	17	have to think about it in more depth.
10:47:13	18	Q. Okay. As a regular part of your work, you
10:47:17	19	developed those types of tests; isn't that right?
10:47:19	20	A. I develop tests of the effect of management
10:47:22	21	practices on performance, but I don't develop tests of
10:47:26	22	the effects of management discretion on pay or I'm not
10:47:31	23	even sure what you're asking.
10:47:32	24	Q. Yes. You expressed that correctly.
10:47:36	25	A. Okay.

10:47:37	1	Q. Is there any type of data that you know you'd
10:47:40	2	want to look at?
10:47:41	3	A. I'd really have to think about the question in
10:47:44	4	more depth to identify a dataset to really tease out
10:47:47	5	those effects.
10:47:49	6	Q. Okay. If you sat here for five minutes, would
10:47:51	7	you be able to come up with an idea, or no?
10:47:54	8	A. Probably it I'd really have to think about
10:47:56	9	the nature of the data that the firm would make available
10:47:59	10	in order to test that, and that would be a difficult
10:48:03	11	task.
10:48:04	12	Q. Okay. And you haven't done that here, correct?
10:48:07	13	A. I haven't tested whether discretion I
10:48:10	14	haven't tested the extent of I'm losing track of your
10:48:14	15	question. I haven't tested the extent of the impact of
10:48:17	16	management's discretion.
10:48:19	17	Q. When you have constructed regressions looking
10:48:34	18	at various employment practices of firms, have you on
10:48:42	19	occasion considered such factors as tenure, age, gender,
10:48:48	20	title, that sort of thing?
10:48:51	21	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:48:51	22	THE WITNESS: In wage regressions? Is that
10:48:53	23	your question?
10:48:54	24	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:48:54	25	Q. Sure.

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10:48:55	1	A. You're asking me would you repeat it?
10:48:57	2	Q. Yes.
10:48:57	3	A. What are you asking?
10:48:58	4	Q. Yes. When you have constructed regressions
10:49:01	5	looking at employment practices at firms, have you on
10:49:06	6	occasion considered such factors as tenure, age, gender,
10:49:10	7	title, those sorts of things?
10:49:12	8	A. You'll have to be more clear about what the
10:49:14	9	regression was doing for me to say whether I put in
10:49:18	10	tenure or age.
10:49:19	11	Q. So in your "Reaching For The Stars" article, do
10:49:21	12	you recall doing a study that actually looked at tenure
10:49:25	13	and age?
10:49:26	14	A. We had in "Reaching For The Stars," we had
10:49:29	15	data on age. I don't recall if we had data on tenure.
10:49:33	16	I'd have to look.
10:50:07	17	Q. We've talked a little bit already about
10:50:09	18	internal equity.
10:50:10	19	Do you recall that?
10:50:11	20	A. Yes.
10:50:13	21	Q. And if you turn to paragraph 43 of your report,
10:50:16	22	it's on page 15
10:50:24	23	A. Yes.
10:50:24	24	Q do you see that? You'll note that in the
10:50:26	25	middle of that paragraph you cite to footnote 16 which is

10:50:29 1	the Baron and Kreps treatise, "Strategic Human
10:50:34 2	Resources."
10:50:35 3	Do you see that?
10:50:36 4	A. Right.
10:51:07 5	THE REPORTER: Exhibit 2850.
10:51:08 6	(Exhibit 2850 was marked for identification.)
10:51:27 7	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:51:28 8	Q. Do you recognize this document marked as
10:51:29 9	Exhibit 2850?
10:51:30 10	A. Yes, I do.
10:51:31 11	Q. What is this?
10:51:32 12	A. It looks like a chapter from the Baron and
10:51:34 13	Kreps textbook.
10:51:36 14	Q. And this is a chapter that you cited in
10:51:39 15	footnote 16?
10:51:43 16	A. I'd have to match the pages as I I don't
10:51:51 17	know if it's the chapter. I'd have to look for the part
10:51:53 18	on on different measures of justice. I assume that
10:51:56 19	that's what you found.
10:51:57 20	Q. Yes.
10:51:58 21	A. Oh, here it is.
10:51:58 22	Q. You cite 107.
10:52:00 23	A. Yeah, here it is. 107. Here it is. Yeah.
10:52:04 24	Q. Now, in paragraph 43, you state there are two
10:52:07 25	types of internal equity, distributed justice, where you

10:52:11	1	claim is when all employees are paid	the same wage; and
10:52:15	2	procedural justice, when pay is perce	eived to be fair
10:52:18	3	because the procedures for setting pa	ay are fair.
10:52:21	4	Do you see that	
10:52:22	5	A. Yes.	
10:52:22	6	Q in your report?	
10:52:23	7	A. That's right.	
10:52:24	8	Q. All right. And you cite Ba	aron and Kreps for
10:52:26	9	that proposition; is that correct?	
10:52:28	10	A. Yes.	
10:52:32	11	Q. And then you quote them on	page 16 I'm
10:52:37	12	sorry. And then you in this sorry	y. In paragraph
10:52:40	13	43 strike that.	
10:52:42	14	In paragraph 43, your sente	ence starting in the
10:52:46	15	second definition labeled "Procedura"	l Justice: Pay is
10:52:49	16	perceived to be fair when the procedu	ares for setting pay
10:52:51	17	are fair."	
10:52:52	18	Do you see that?	
10:52:53	19	A. Yes.	
10:52:53	20	Q. And you cite Baron and Kre	os, and you have a
10:52:55	21	quote there for that sentence.	
10:52:57	22	Do you see that?	
10:52:58	23	A. Okay.	
10:52:58	24	Q. And that's page 107.	
10:53:00	25	A. Right.	

10:53:01	1	Q. If you turn to 107, you'll note that what
10:53:07	2	you've quoted is actually not from "Procedural Justice,"
10:53:10	3	but from "Distributive Justice."
10:53:12	4	Do you see that?
10:53:38	5	A. Well, it's referring to this a third justice
10:53:41	6	principle, according to the equity principle.
10:53:52	7	Okay. No, I I don't see that it refers to
10:53:53	8	distributive justice.
10:53:55	9	Q. Right, even though it's I'm sorry. It's
10:53:57	10	under
10:53:58	11	A. It's under "Distributive Justice."
10:53:59	12	Q. So there is a heading on 107, "Distributive
10:54:02	13	Justice."
10:54:03	14	Do you see that?
10:54:03	15	A. Uh-huh. I see that, yes.
10:54:04	16	Q. If you turn to 108, do you see there is a
10:54:07	17	heading for "Procedural Justice"?
10:54:09	18	A. Yes.
10:54:09	19	Q. So would you agree that the quote you have put
10:54:12	20	in footnote 16 comes from "Distributive Justice," not
10:54:15	21	"Procedural Justice" from Baron/Kreps; is that correct?
10:54:22	22	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:54:24	23	THE WITNESS: Yes. It looks like it's from the
10:54:27	24	section "Distributive Justice."
	25	//

10:54:29	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:54:29	2	Q. Okay. So the cite in paragraph 43 to this
10:54:35	3	text, which is a cite about procedural justice, is
10:54:40	4	inaccurate; is that correct?
10:54:43	5	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:54:49	6	THE WITNESS: Well, it's under the setting of
10:54:51	7	distributive justice. So is it inaccurate? It looks
10:55:05	8	like it should be referring to distributive justice, but
10:55:08	9	I'd have to read the whole thing.
10:55:40	10	So what's the question?
10:55:40	11	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:55:41	12	Q. So the question was, this citation at footnote
10:55:43	13	16 to the sentence about procedural justice is
10:55:45	14	inaccurate; isn't that correct?
10:55:47	15	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:55:52	16	THE WITNESS: It looks like it should be
10:55:53	17	referring to distributive justice.
10:55:55	18	BY MS. DERMODY:
10:55:55	19	Q. Okay. And let's go back to paragraph 43.
10:56:02	20	So you relied on Baron and Kreps for this
10:56:04	21	analysis of the difference between distributive justice
10:56:07	22	and procedural justice; is that correct?
10:56:10	23	A. And my own knowledge of the area.
10:56:12	24	Q. Okay. And you say in paragraph 43, "The
10:56:17	25	distributive justice is where pay is perceived fair

10:56:21	because everyone is paid the same, like in a unionized
10:56:24	setting"; is that correct?
10:56:29	A. That's correct. Yes.
10:56:39	Q. And if you go to page 106 of Baron and Kreps,
10:56:49	under "Distributive and Procedural Justice," do you see
10:56:52	that heading?
10:56:53	A. Uh-huh.
10:56:53 8	Q. And you'll see at the very end there is a
10:56:58	definition that Baron and Kreps gives to distributive
10:57:01 10	versus procedural justice.
10:57:03 11	Do you see that?
10:57:04 12	A. You mean the what's in italics?
10:57:07 13	Q. Yes.
10:57:07 14	A. Yes.
10:57:08 15	Q. And under the Baron and Kreps definition there,
10:57:11 16	where it says, "Distributive justice is how people did
10:57:14 17	relative to others, and procedural is the process by
10:57:17 18	which the outcome was achieved," do you see that?
10:57:20 19	A. Yes, I do.
10:57:21 20	Q. And that's inconsistent with the idea that
10:57:24 21	distributive justice only means pay is the same for
10:57:27 22	everyone; is that correct?
10:57:29 23	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
10:57:30 24	THE WITNESS: Distributive justice means pay is
10:57:31 25	the same for everybody looking at people, comparing

11:08:51 1	ever gotten in trouble because you have misstated your
11:08:54 2	research?
11:08:55 3	A. No, I haven't.
11:08:57 4	Q. Okay. Have you ever been in trouble for
11:08:58 5	exaggerating credentials?
11:09:01 6	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:09:02 7	THE WITNESS: No, I haven't.
11:09:04 8	MS. DERMODY: Okay. Let's take a quick break.
11:09:06 9	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Okay. This is the end of
11:09:07 10	Video No. 1. We're off the record at 11:09.
11:09:09 11	(Recess was taken.)
11:28:20 12	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at
11:28:21 13	11:28. This is the beginning of Video No. 2.
11:28:27 14	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:28:28 15	Q. So, Dr. Shaw, what did you do to investigate
11:28:30 16	the amount of discretions discretion that managers had
11:28:34 17	at Defendant firms here?
11:28:37 18	A. I read an extensive number of depositions that
11:28:40 19	discussed managerial discretion in setting pay.
11:28:44 20	Q. Did you review any of the guidelines for
11:28:47 21	discretion?
11:28:48 22	A. What do you refer to with "guidelines"?
11:28:51 23	Q. Did you do a systematic study to see if there
11:28:54 24	were guidelines of managerial discretion?
11:28:57 25	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.

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Deposition	of K	Cathryn	Shaw.	Ph.D.

11:28:58	1	THE WITNESS: Guidelines given by whom.
11:28:59	2	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:29:00	3	Q. To firms, managers.
11:29:01	4	A. Managers do yes. Firms do provide
11:29:04	5	guidelines in determining pay.
11:29:05	6	Q. Did you do any systematic study for any of the
11:29:09	7	firms as to what guidelines had existed in the time
11:29:13	8	periods studied in this case?
11:29:14	9	A. What do you mean by a
11:29:15	10	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:29:16	11	THE WITNESS: "systematic study"?
11:29:18	12	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:29:18	13	Q. Did you request to see all guidelines limiting
11:29:20	14	discretion or governing discretion of managers?
11:29:24	15	A. From the firms?
11:29:25	16	Q. Yes.
11:29:25	17	A. No, I did not request to see guidelines from
11:29:27	18	the firms.
11:29:29	19	Q. Did you do any systematic review of any of the
11:29:32	20	oversight mechanisms for manager discretion?
11:29:35	21	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:29:37	22	THE WITNESS: I read many depositions that
11:29:40	23	described managerial discretion and the guidelines that
11:29:44	24	were given to managers in making pay determinations.
	25	//

11:29:48	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:29:49	2	Q. Did you request to see whether there were
11:29:52	3	oversight mechanisms that existed at any of the firms?
11:29:55	4	A. "Oversight mechanisms" meaning whether managers
11:29:59	5	were doing what?
11:30:00	6	Q. Whether there was sign-off on manager
11:30:04	7	decisions.
11:30:05	8	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:30:06	9	THE WITNESS: Sign-off by human resources?
11:30:09	10	What do you mean by "sign-off"?
11:30:10	11	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:30:10	12	Q. Yes, anyone outside the manager himself or
11:30:14	13	herself.
11:30:15	14	A. I'm not sure I'm following your line of
11:30:17	15	questioning.
11:30:17	16	Q. Did you request to see whether there were
11:30:20	17	oversight mechanisms at any of the firms to govern the
11:30:24	18	discretion exercised by managers, by people above them in
11:30:28	19	the line of command?
11:30:29	20	A. No, I didn't
11:30:30	21	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:30:31	22	THE WITNESS: request to see any documents.
11:30:33	23	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:30:33	24	Q. Okay. Did you study at what level managers at
11:30:38	25	any of the companies had authority to make pay decisions

11:30:41	1	without review by others in the company?
11:30:45	2	A. The company depositions discussed managerial
11:30:48	3	authority in making decisions, and in some there were
11:30:51	4	references to compensation committees that would check
11:30:56	5	management decisions. But I couldn't describe that for
11:31:00	6	every Defendant.
11:31:01	7	Q. Did you make an attempt to study whether
11:31:04	8	oversight existed to check manager discretion at each
11:31:09	9	company?
11:31:09	10	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:31:10	11	THE WITNESS: I was just following the analysis
11:31:11	12	that Kevin Hallock did and and and ascertaining
11:31:17	13	whether there was a whether there was spillover from
11:31:24	14	impacting potentially allegedly impacted employees to
11:31:28	15	all or all others, and in my assessment after reading
11:31:32	16	depositions I found that there was extensive managerial
11:31:35	17	discretion in setting pay that would limit that
11:31:37	18	spillover.
11:31:40	19	MS. DERMODY: Move to strike the answer as
11:31:42	20	non-responsive.
11:31:43	21	Q. If you could please answer the question I just
11:31:45	22	asked, which is, did you make an attempt to study whether
11:31:48	23	company oversight whether at any company there was
11:31:50	24	oversight at the manager's discretion on pay decisions.
11:31:54	25	A. What do you mean by "study"?

11:31:56	1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:31:56	2	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:31:56	3	Q. Did you systematically try to review all the
11:31:59	4	information that existed at the companies about what
11:32:02	5	oversight exists to govern manager discretion?
11:32:07	6	A. I reviewed the information I had. I didn't
11:32:09	7	return to the companies and ask them for more
11:32:12	8	information.
11:32:13	9	Q. And Dr. Hallock did not study manager
11:32:16	10	discretion, did he?
11:32:19	11	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:32:22	12	THE WITNESS: Dr. Hallock described performance
11:32:25	13	pay briefly, but he didn't discuss or describe the study
11:32:30	14	of managerial discretion.
11:32:36	15	MS. DERMODY: Okay. Let me see that.
11:32:51	16	Q. If you could turn to Exhibit 2848, which is
11:32:55	17	your report in this case, Dr. Shaw, and go to Appendix
11:32:58	18	E1.
11:32:59	19	A. Sure.
11:33:06	20	Q. You'll see on E1 there aren't actually page
11:33:09	21	numbers that follow, but if you look in the left column
11:33:11	22	that says "Employer."
11:33:14	23	A. Right.
11:33:14	24	Q. And if you can do me a favor and turn to
11:33:16	25	"Intel" as the employer.

11:33:19	1	A. Yes.
11:33:20	2	Q. As an example.
11:33:21	3	First, can you help me understand this to be
11:33:23	4	reflecting. We'll take the very first line,
11:33:30	6	A. Okay. So this is a this
		is a job title of a group of people at Intel.
11:33:40	8	Q. And under the column for "Manager"
11:33:42	9	"Managers," it says, "8."
11:33:45	10	Do you see that?
11:33:45	11	A. Yes, that's right.
11:33:47	12	Q. Does that indicate there are eight managers
11:33:49	13	that held that title?
11:33:51	14	A. No. That indicates eight managers supervised
11:33:54	15	people who held that title.
11:33:56	16	Q. And do you know what managers supervised that
11:33:58	17	title?
11:33:59	18	A. I don't know per se.
11:34:02	19	Q. Okay. Do you know what authority the managers
11:34:05	20	who supervised that title had to make pay decisions
11:34:08	21	without supervision?
11:34:09	22	A. I know that firms like Intel gave their
11:34:12	23	manage in depositions stated their managers had the
11:34:16	24	authority to make pay decisions.
11:34:17	25	Q. Do you have a specific reference to evidence

11:34:21 1	that the managers for had the
11:34:25 2	authority to make pay decisions without review?
11:34:28 3	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:34:29 4	THE WITNESS: I don't have that information.
11:34:30 5	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:34:30 6	Q. Okay. Let's go to the next page of Intel. And
11:34:36 7	let's go to the title
11:34:44 8	Do you see that?
11:34:45 9	A. Yes.
11:34:47 10	Q. And it indicates in the next column under
11:34:49 11	"Manager" that there are four.
11:34:51 12	Do you see that?
11:34:52 13	A. Yes.
11:34:52 14	Q. Does that indicate there were four managers of
11:34:55 15	those employees or that there were four in that title?
11:34:59 16	A. Four managers of those employees.
11:35:01 17	Q. Okay.
11:35:01 18	A. Well, the the employees themselves are
11:35:04 19	managers. But, yes, there are four managers of those
11:35:07 20	employees.
11:35:07 21	Q. Okay. So for this title, which you indicate
11:35:11 22	these employees are managers, do you have any authority
11:35:15 23	showing that these managers were able to make pay
11:35:18 24	decisions without review?
11:35:20 25	MR. KIERNAN: Hang on. Object to form.

11:35:21	1	THE WITNESS: I would have to look up the Intel
11:35:23	2	information specifically. There are seven Defendants
11:35:26	3	here, and I can't tell you exactly what sort of review
11:35:29	4	system Intel has for these particular managers.
11:35:31	5	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:35:32	6	Q. Do you have anything in your report that
11:35:33	7	indicates that
11:35:37	8	had the authority to make pay decisions without review?
11:35:40	9	A. What I do have is an overall analysis that
11:35:45	10	managers were given discretion in making pay decisions.
11:35:47	11	Q. And you don't you didn't do any study to see
11:35:50	12	how that discretion was limited; is that correct?
11:35:57	13	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:35:57	14	THE WITNESS: I don't know whether there were
11:35:58	15	limitations on managers' discretion here, but managers
11:36:00	16	this is a pay-for-performance environment where managers
11:36:04	17	are told they are supposed to pay for performance, and
11:36:06	18	therefore they would be analyzing on a subjective basis
11:36:11	19	the work of and
11:36:15	20	assigning pay based upon the capabilities of that person.
11:36:18	21	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:36:19	22	Q. And you don't know whether when they made those
11:36:21	23	decisions they were reviewed by anyone, one person, a
11:36:24	24	hundred people, a thousand people; is that correct?
11:36:27	25	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.

11:36:28	1	THE WITNESS: I don't know whether they were
11:36:29	2	reviewed. I didn't check to see whether they were
11:36:31	3	reviewed, but I do know that in a pay-for-performance
11:36:34	4	system there could be some reviews, but often they state
11:36:37	5	that managers have complete discretion.
11:36:42	6	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:36:50	7	Q. Do you recall seeing any evidence in this case
11:36:52	8	in writing in a document to managers advising them they
11:37:01	9	had complete discretion to make all decisions without
11:37:03	10	review?
11:37:04	11	A. I don't recall the word "complete discretion,"
11:37:06	12	but certainly I heard I saw reference repeatedly to
11:37:11	13	managers having discretion in making their assessments of
11:37:15	14	performance in pay.
11:37:16	15	Q. And that was references made in deposition
11:37:19	16	testimony; is that correct, Ms. Shaw?
11:37:21	17	A. That's right.
11:37:36	18	Q. You have written a bit about talent sorting; is
11:37:40	19	that correct?
11:37:40	20	A. Talent sorting?
11:37:41	21	Q. Yes.
11:37:43	22	A. It depends on what you mean. For the which
11:37:48	23	paper do you have in mind?
11:37:50	24	Q. Talent sorting and skill complementarity among
11:37:54	25	software engineers.

11:37:56	1	A. I'd have to look at that.
11:37:58	2	Q. Okay. I'm just going to pass you this so you
11:38:00	3	can see what I'm referencing. I wasn't intending to add
11:38:03	4	to the paper for the court reporter.
11:38:07	5	A. Oh, yes.
11:38:13	6	MR. TUBACH: Kelly, sorry, can you read into
11:38:15	7	the record what the document is.
11:38:17	8	MS. DERMODY: Sure. It's "Talent Sorting and
11:38:18	9	Skill Complementarity Among Software Engineers, December
11:38:20	10	2006." Kathryn Shaw is one of the authors.
11:38:26	11	Q. Is that correct?
11:38:27	12	A. That's right.
11:38:28	13	Q. Okay. And would you consider the seven
11:38:31	14	Defendant firms in this case to be in a top-tier of
11:38:35	15	technology firms in terms of their talent?
11:38:38	16	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
11:38:40	17	THE WITNESS: I'd have to define "top-tier,"
11:38:42	18	and I don't know if I in this paper I define
11:38:44	19	"top-tier." Perhaps I did, but I don't remember. This
11:38:47	20	is a paper that was never published.
11:38:49	21	BY MS. DERMODY:
11:39:12	22	Q. Do you understand the concept of higher quality
11:39:14	23	firms?
11:39:15	24	A. No, I don't.
11:39:18	25	Q. If you turn to page 3

12:04:38 2 studying a particular measure of productivity and a 12:04:44 3 the study. 12:04:44 5 BY MS. DERMODY: 12:04:45 7 A. But that is not relevant to this study here 12:04:48 8 which is studying a very different set of firms. 12:04:50 9 Q. And going back to those studies, you weren't 12:04:51 10 studying just individuals, you were studying what was 12:04:57 11 happening on a company level; is that correct? 12:04:58 12 A. No, not a company level, a mill level. 12:05:03 14 So many employees; is that correct? 12:05:05 15 A. Yes, many employees. 12:05:23 17 practices resulted in negative productivity, did you do a study of performance rating verses productivity? 12:05:35 19 MR. KIERNAN: Object to form. 12:05:37 21 mischaracterized the study. I didn't state that certain practices had negative productivity. 12:05:42 24 Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in negative productivity.	12:04:35 1	THE WITNESS: In this particular study, we were
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So many employees; is that correct? 12:05:05 15 A. Yes, many employees. 12:05:22 16 Q. When you drew the conclusions that certain 12:05:23 17 practices resulted in negative productivity, did you do a 12:05:28 18 study of performance rating verses productivity? 12:05:35 19 MR. KIERNAN: Object to form. 12:05:36 20 THE WITNESS: I I didn't you 12:05:37 21 mischaracterized the study. I didn't state that certain 12:05:39 22 practices had negative productivity. 12:05:41 23 BY MS. DERMODY: 12:05:42 24 Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in	12:04:58 12	A. No, not a company level, a mill level.
12:05:05 15 A. Yes, many employees. 12:05:22 16 Q. When you drew the conclusions that certain 12:05:23 17 practices resulted in negative productivity, did you do a 12:05:28 18 study of performance rating verses productivity? MR. KIERNAN: Object to form. 12:05:35 19 THE WITNESS: I I didn't you 12:05:37 21 mischaracterized the study. I didn't state that certain 12:05:39 22 practices had negative productivity. 12:05:41 23 BY MS. DERMODY: Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in	12:05:02 13	Q. Okay. A mill level.
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12:05:36 20 THE WITNESS: I I didn't you 12:05:37 21 mischaracterized the study. I didn't state that certain 12:05:39 22 practices had negative productivity. 12:05:41 23 BY MS. DERMODY: 12:05:42 24 Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in	12:05:28 18	study of performance rating verses productivity?
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12:05:39 22 practices had negative productivity. 12:05:41 23 BY MS. DERMODY: 12:05:42 24 Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in	12:05:36 20	THE WITNESS: I I didn't you
12:05:41 23 BY MS. DERMODY: 12:05:42 24 Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in	12:05:37 21	mischaracterized the study. I didn't state that certain
12:05:42 24 Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in	12:05:39 22	practices had negative productivity.
	12:05:41 23	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:05:45 25 negative productivity.	12:05:42 24	Q. I'm sorry. Certain practices resulted in
	12:05:45 25	negative productivity.

12:05:46	1	A. I didn't state that. Certain practices have
12:05:49	2	lower productivity than other practices.
12:05:51	3	Q. Okay. And when you were reviewing the
12:05:55	4	different results in terms of productivity, some have
12:05:58	5	lower productivity, some have higher productivity, did
12:06:02	6	you look at performance ratings by individual managers as
12:06:05	7	a feature of whether or not the HR system had higher or
12:06:11	8	lower productivity?
12:06:14	9	A. Did I look at what?
12:06:15	10	Q. Performance ratings.
12:06:17	11	A. Of managers?
12:06:18	12	Q. Yes.
12:06:20	13	A. Performance ratings
12:06:21	14	Q. That managers made of employees.
12:06:23	15	A. Made of employees.
12:06:24	16	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
12:06:25	17	THE WITNESS: No. This data was no specific
12:06:27	18	data for the steel industry. Management ratings of
12:06:32	19	individual employees was not relevant to performance.
12:06:35	20	(Exhibit 2854 was marked for identification.)
12:06:35	21	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:06:35	22	Q. Okay. Dr. Shaw, the exhibit marked as
12:07:30	23	Exhibit 2854 appears to be another article.
12:07:34	24	Do you recognize this?
12:07:35	25	A. Yes.

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12:07:35	1	Q.	What is this?
12:07:36	2	А.	An article entitled, "Reaching For The Stars."
12:07:39	3	Q.	And this is an article that you wrote in August
12:07:42	4	of 2006;	is that correct?
12:07:45	5	А.	Yes, that's right.
12:07:59	6	Q.	And if you could turn to page 6 of the
12:08:07	7	document,	towards the bottom there is a paragraph that
12:08:17	8	starts "Se	econd."
12:08:18	9		Do you see that?
12:08:18	10	А.	Uh-huh.
12:08:19	11	Q.	And indicates the pay of software workers rises
12:08:22	12	markedly w	with tenure.
12:08:24	13		Do you see that?
12:08:25	14	А.	Yes.
12:08:33	15	Q.	And if you look at those documents, does this
12:08:36	16	refresh yo	our recollection about a subject we talked about
12:08:38	17	earlier, v	which is whether you had ever used tenure
12:08:41	18	А.	It does.
12:08:42	19	Q.	as a study? And having had your memory
12:08:45	20	refreshed	, is it your testimony that you have used tenure
12:08:48	21	in the so	ftware industry?
12:08:49	22	А.	Yes, tenure is used in this dataset.
12:08:52	23	Q.	Okay. And if you could go to page 13 of the
12:09:00	24	document -	
12:09:01	25	А.	Okay.

12:09:01	1	Q at the top it says, "We test the hypotheses
12:09:17	2	of our model by focusing on the prepackaged software
12:09:20	3	industry, which corresponds to the four digit SIC," and
12:09:23	4	it has some numbers there.
12:09:25	5	Do you see that?
12:09:26	6	A. Yes.
12:09:26	7	Q. What is the "SIC"?
12:09:28	8	A. The SIC Code is the Standard Industrial
12:09:30	9	Classification Code, and this refers to prepackaged
12:09:34	10	software.
12:09:34	11	Q. And where does that classification code come
12:09:36	12	from?
12:09:38	13	A. I guess it's a census code. I've used it so
12:09:42	14	much, I don't recall.
12:09:43	15	Q. So this is census data you're using; is that
12:09:46	16	correct?
12:09:46	17	A. No, that's not correct. It is not census data.
12:09:50	18	Q. Okay. Tell me the way in which you use this
12:09:52	19	code in this study.
12:09:53	20	A. We looked for people in who work in the
12:09:57	21	prepackaged software industry, and we used the code as
12:10:00	22	the industry to designate how we found those people.
12:10:03	23	Q. And you found those people by looking at the
12:10:05	24	data that was collected; is that correct?
12:10:10	25	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.

12:10:11	1	THE WITNESS: I don't know what you mean by
12:10:13	2	looking at the data that was collected. We had a
12:10:16	3	dataset, and we looked for people who worked in the
12:10:18	4	software industry.
12:10:19	5	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:10:19	6	Q. Where did the dataset come from?
12:10:21	7	A. The dataset was data that we obtained by
12:10:24	8	working for with unemployment compensation datasets
12:10:29	9	from various states. It was housed at the census center,
12:10:33	10	but it's not census data.
12:10:35	11	Q. Okay. So it was housed there. You just don't
12:10:37	12	call it census data; is that correct?
12:10:40	13	A. It's not census data.
12:10:43	14	Q. So in the middle is paragraph at page 13, where
12:10:46	15	it references the census bureau
12:10:49	16	A. That's a different dataset.
12:10:50	17	Q. And what is that dataset?
12:10:52	18	A. That's a dataset on the information, as it says
12:10:55	19	there, on firms that produce software. The dataset that
12:10:58	20	I'm referring to above and in the majority of the paper
12:11:03	21	is a different dataset. There are two different datasets
12:11:07	22	that are merged here.
12:11:08	23	Q. Okay. And you use both types of datasets in
12:11:11	24	the study; is that correct?
12:11:12	25	A. Yes. And you can see that on the paper where

12:11:15 1	one says dataset on software workers and establishments.
12:11:19 2	And so we're talking about one dataset called LEHD and
12:11:23 3	another dataset, which is the census dataset.
12:11:26 4	Q. Okay. And using the census bureau dataset, how
12:11:30 5	did you identify the software employees that you were
12:11:34 6	looking for?
12:11:35 7	A. We don't identify software employees in the
12:11:38 8	census data. The census data is the data on firms, not
12:11:41 9	employees.
12:11:42 10	Q. Okay. And as stated below, on that same page,
12:11:48 11	the LEHD data
12:11:51 12	A. Right.
12:11:51 13	Q that's data you say comes that is
12:11:54 14	collected by the States and is stored at the census
12:11:58 15	bureau?
12:11:59 16	A. That's right.
12:12:01 17	Q. And that data, as indicated, has information on
12:12:05 18	worker date of birth; is that correct?
12:12:07 19	A. Yes, apparently.
12:12:09 20	Q. Which is age, race, and sex; is that correct?
12:12:13 21	A. I'd have to refresh my memory. This is an old
12:12:16 22	paper now. So if that's what it says, that's correct.
12:12:19 23	Q. Sure, on the bottom of 13, if that helps.
12:12:22 24	A. Okay.
12:12:22 25	Q. The very last words of 13.

12:12:27	A. Okay. Yeah. Okay.
12:12:28	Date of birth, race and sex. Okay.
12:12:30	Q. And then on page 14, at the bottom of that
12:12:32	page, the paragraph that starts, "Our basic universe of
12:12:36	data workers," do you see that?
12:12:37	A. Yes, I do.
12:12:38	Q. It talks about studying 83,497 employment
12:12:45	spells. Do you see that?
12:12:47	A. Right.
12:12:48 1	Q. What does that mean?
12:12:49 1	A. An employment spell is the time you enter
12:12:52 1	employment with a firm until the time you end employment,
12:12:54 1	or also it could be from the time we start start
12:12:58 1	observing the person until the time we stop observing
12:13:02 1	them, even though their employment spell hasn't ended or
12:13:06 1	begun.
12:13:06 1	Q. Would that be different than unique workers?
12:13:12 1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
12:13:13 1	THE WITNESS: Yes. This is employment you
12:13:14 2	know, again, I haven't reviewed this paper since 2006, so
12:13:19 2	I don't recall exactly what's in this paper. But I would
12:13:22 2	imagine this refers to employment spells of workers and
12:13:26 2	not unique workers, would be my recollection, but I'd
12:13:28 2	have to look at it closely. I'd have to read the rest of
12:13:31 2	the paper to remind myself.

12:13:33	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:13:33	2	Q. Okay. So it's essentially tracking 83,000
12:13:39	3	employment records; is that correct?
12:13:41	4	A. Employment spells.
12:13:42	5	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
12:13:43	6	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:13:44	7	Q. Can you help me, being someone not in your
12:13:47	8	industry, understand what a spell is. I'm not sure I got
12:13:49	9	it.
12:13:50	10	A. A spell is is two things in this dataset.
12:13:53	11	It is the beginning of employment, the day you arrive on
12:13:56	12	the job, until the day you end the job. That's one
12:13:58	13	definition of an "employment spell."
12:14:00	14	It could also be, since the data doesn't start
12:14:04	15	until 1992, and goes through 2001, it a spell could
12:14:09	16	also be the day we start to observe a person at that
12:14:13	17	employer or the time that we stop observing them, even
12:14:17	18	though they didn't terminate employment.
12:14:19	19	Q. Okay. And in this study, based on what it says
12:14:22	20	in this paragraph that we're looking at, were you
12:14:25	21	starting from a universe of data that had 83,497
12:14:30	22	employment spells for workers employed in the software
12:14:35	23	industry in 10 states from 1992 to 2001?
12:14:40	24	A. That's what it says here.
12:14:41	25	Q. Okay. And if you turn to the next page, as

12:14:51 1	indicated, did you limit the study to workers of a
12:14:57 2	certain age and a certain salary?
12:15:00 3	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
12:15:05 4	THE WITNESS: Yes, as it states here we did.
12:15:07 5	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:15:08 6	Q. And did you also limit it to a certain type of
12:15:11 7	company?
12:15:15 8	A. I don't know what you mean by "type of
12:15:16 9	company."
12:15:17 10	Q. Sorry. At the very end of the paragraph of
12:15:19 11	the first paragraph in that page, it talks about
12:15:28 12	businesses that could be matched, including the size,
12:15:31 13	age, sales, and product line information.
12:15:33 14	A. That's right.
12:15:33 15	Q. So were you trying to limit your study to
12:15:35 16	companies that were similar?
12:15:37 17	A. No.
12:15:37 18	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
12:15:38 19	THE WITNESS: We were not. We were just trying
12:15:40 20	to match datasets where we match the economic census data
12:15:44 21	for software firms to the LEHD data. We weren't limiting
12:15:49 22	it to any type of firm.
12:15:50 23	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:15:51 24	Q. So you were trying to match the workers to
12:15:53 25	firms?

12:15:53	1	A. Right.
12:15:54	2	Q. Okay. And then in the next paragraph you were
12:15:59	3	limiting the study to employees within the firm types
12:16:05	4	of employees within the firms, so software engineers,
12:16:08	5	developers, managers; is that correct?
12:16:10	6	A. For a different set of analysis. As you say
12:16:13	7	here, for this sample, we limit we limit our data
12:16:18	8	well, that should say "our data" to those individuals in
12:16:21	9	the software industry, who are software engineers,
12:16:25	10	developers, or managers. That's in that particular set
12:16:28	11	of analysis.
12:16:41	12	Q. And do you recall doing regressions that
12:16:43	13	included factors such as age or sex or tenure?
12:16:50	14	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
12:16:50	15	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:16:51	16	Q. As part of this study?
12:16:52	17	A. I don't recall the exact functional form of the
12:16:55	18	regressions, but I if I look through the paper, I
12:16:58	19	would probably find that age and tenure were in the
12:17:03	20	regressions.
12:17:51	21	Q. Did you have a chance to confirm that in
12:17:54	22	looking at the regressions?
12:17:56	23	A. I can look at the tables
12:17:58	24	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
	25	//

12:17:59	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
12:17:59	2	Q. I'm sorry. I thought that's what you were
12:18:02	3	doing. I apologize.
12:18:03	4	A. So do you have a table in mind?
12:18:11	5	Q. I think you said if I looked through the paper,
12:18:15	6	that age and tenure were in the regressions. I assumed
12:18:18	7	when you were looking at the paper, that is what you were
12:18:21	8	looking for.
12:18:21	9	A. Okay. I'm looking now.
12:18:23	10	Again, I haven't read this paper in many years,
12:18:25	11	so I'd be speculating as to what it is, you know, some of
12:18:28	12	the details of the paper, but what you see here is that
12:18:30	13	in Table 7 it says, we can we have wage residuals for
12:18:38	14	regression controlling for age and tenure. So in that
12:18:39	15	sense we put age and tenure in one of the wage
12:18:43	16	regressions.
12:18:44	17	MS. DERMODY: Okay. So it's about 12:20. Is
12:18:48	18	this a good time for us to break for lunch? Thumbs up
12:18:52	19	from Mr. Tubach. All right.
12:18:56	20	How much time would you all like?
12:18:59	21	MR. KIERNAN: 20, 30 minutes.
12:19:03	22	MS. DERMODY: I think we'll need at least 30
12:19:04	23	minutes to eat. So
12:19:06	24	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're off the record at
12:19:07	25	12:19.

(Luncheon recess was taken.)
THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at
. DERMODY:
Q. Dr. Shaw, if we can keep on going with your
t, I think you have that in front of you.
A. Yes.
Q. And that's Exhibit 2848. If you could please
to paragraph 18, which is on page 7
A. Okay.
Q and in this paragraph you state that the
pt of internal equity was used at the manager level
ke individual employee compensation decisions not on
pany-wide level to make automatic adjustments to
os of people.
Do you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you do anything to study whether there
employee compensation decisions that happened
that there were adjustments made to groups of
e on a gradual level rather than on an automatic
?
MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
THE WITNESS: I don't know. "Gradual level"
ng what?

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Deposition	of Kat	hryn S	haw, l	Ph.D.
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13:21:46	1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:21:48	2	THE WITNESS: I see that there are groups of
13:21:49	3	employees. I don't know what these designations mean,
13:21:53	4	and I don't know what it means to keep them in lock step.
13:21:57	5	I don't know if that refers to keeping them in
13:22:00	6	relationship to one another.
13:22:10	7	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:22:16	8	Q. What does "lock step" mean to you outside the
13:22:19	9	context of this email?
13:22:20	10	A. I have no definition of "lock step" outside the
13:22:24	11	context of this.
13:22:25	12	Q. You've never used the word before?
13:22:26	13	A. I've never used it. Not with respect to
13:22:37	14	personnel practices.
13:22:38	15	Q. Have you ever used the word in any context in
13:22:40	16	your life before?
13:22:42	17	A. Well, certainly I probably used it in some
13:22:44	18	point in my life, but not with respect to personnel
13:22:47	19	practices.
13:22:48	20	Q. If you have ever used it before, what was your
13:22:50	21	way of using it?
13:22:53	22	A. The way I would use "lock step" is to mean that
13:22:56	23	things move in a formal sequence.
13:23:00	24	Q. Related to each other, correct?
13:23:03	25	A. They move together.

13:23:22	1	Q. And when you developed your opinion that all
13:23:28	2	the compensation decisions are based on individual
13:23:30	3	manager decisions, you weren't you hadn't reviewed
13:23:33	4	this document, had you, Dr. Shaw?
13:23:35	5	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:23:39	6	THE WITNESS: This document doesn't state
13:23:41	7	otherwise. This document is referring to MRPs, and not
13:23:44	8	to managers' managers' decisions, and managers are
13:23:48	9	only supposed to take MRPs as recommended guidelines, not
13:23:53	10	as actual pay decisions.
13:23:55	11	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:23:55	12	Q. This document is inconsistent with your theory
13:23:57	13	that there are no company-level reviews for compensation
13:24:00	14	for groups; isn't that true?
13:24:02	15	A. I never
13:24:02	16	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:24:04	17	THE WITNESS: I never stated there were no
13:24:05	18	company-level reviews of compensation.
13:24:08	19	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:24:08	20	Q. Okay. Is it your opinion there were
13:24:10	21	company-level reviews of compensation for groups of
13:24:13	22	employees in the company?
13:24:15	23	A. In evaluating the policies of these companies,
13:24:17	24	I'm sure that there are some companies within the
13:24:20	25	Defendant set that did review the compensation decisions

13:24:24	1	with their managers. That doesn't mean they overturned
13:24:26	2	the decisions. It means they reviewed the decisions.
13:24:29	3	Q. And which of those companies, do you recall,
13:24:31	4	that being the case?
13:24:32	5	A. I couldn't tell you out of the seven companies.
13:24:35	6	Q. And you didn't you didn't study that; is
13:24:37	7	that correct?
13:24:38	8	A. No.
13:24:38	9	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:24:42	10	THE WITNESS: I I I did read about it in
13:24:45	11	reviewing the compensation and employment practices of
13:24:49	12	these companies.
13:24:51	13	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:24:52	14	Q. Can you identify any Defendant that didn't
13:24:53	15	review the decision the pay decisions of managers in
13:24:56	16	some fashion?
13:24:57	17	A. I can recall many depositions in which the
13:25:02	18	person being deposed was asked whether managers had
13:25:05	19	complete discretion, and the implication was the managers
13:25:10	20	did, indeed, have complete discretion in determining what
13:25:13	21	salaries should be and what equity and bonus should be.
13:25:17	22	Q. Tell me right now a full list of the deponents
13:25:20	23	who said managers had complete discretion with no review
13:25:22	24	of pay decisions of employees.
13:25:27	25	A. That would be impossible for me to do.

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Deposition	of	Kathryr	ı Shaw,	, Ph.D.
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13:25:28 1	MR. KIERNAN: Vague.
13:25:28 2	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:25:28 3	Q. How come?
13:25:29 4	A. There are 50 different depositions.
13:25:29 5	Q. This is the crux of your opinion, Dr. Shaw.
13:25:31 6	Name one deposition you looked at that said that.
13:25:34 7	MR. KIERNAN: Hang on. Object to form.
13:25:35 8	THE WITNESS: I couldn't look. I couldn't name
13:25:37 9	one deposition out of the 50 I read that would make that
13:25:40 10	statement, but I I believe that there were a number
13:25:45 11	that made that statement, and I can recall them.
13:25:49 12	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:25:49 13	Q. Tell me the number you think it was. Two?
13:25:52 14	Three, five?
13:25:53 15	A. Two, three, five Defendants or depositions?
13:25:57 16	Q. Depositions, that said managers had complete
13:25:58 17	discretion to make pay decisions without any review.
13:26:01 18	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:26:03 19	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:26:03 20	Q. At any company, at any time.
13:26:05 21	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:26:06 22	THE WITNESS: What the deposition said
13:26:08 23	repeatedly is that managers are given salary ranges,
13:26:13 24	market reference points, and that the ultimate salary
13:26:17 25	decision for the annual review is made by the manager.

13:26:19	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:26:20	2	Q. And tell me even a single deposition that said
13:26:22	3	managers had complete discretion without any oversight to
13:26:26	4	make pay decisions at the company.
13:26:28	5	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:26:30	6	THE WITNESS: I can't tell you that, but I'm
13:26:32	7	quite certain that I read many depositions in which they
13:26:35	8	said that it was ultimately up to the manager to make the
13:26:38	9	decision.
13:26:39	10	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:26:40	11	Q. But did you see any that said the managers
13:26:42	12	could make the decision without any oversight?
13:26:44	13	A. Well, I can't say whether it was in those
13:26:46	14	words, but the implication is that managers had
13:26:49	15	discretion in making pay decisions.
13:26:52	16	Q. Isn't it true, Dr. Shaw, that there isn't a
13:26:54	17	single deposition you read that said managers had
13:26:57	18	complete discretion to make pay decisions without any
13:27:00	19	oversight?
13:27:01	20	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:27:02	21	THE WITNESS: I couldn't say that. You know, I
13:27:03	22	read many depositions, and I don't doubt they used
13:27:07	23	exactly those words.
13:27:11	24	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:27:20	25	Q. Let's turn to paragraph 19 of your report. You

13:27:37	1	state in paragraph 19 that, quote, "Given the large size
13:27:41	2	of the labor market surveyed by consulting firms, it is
13:27:46	3	hard to imagine the suppression of pay in a few jobs
13:27:50	4	could lead to suppression of pay in benchmark data."
13:27:54	5	Do you see that in paragraph 19?
13:27:55	6	A. Yes.
13:27:55	7	Q. And how many firms are you assuming were in the
13:27:58	8	survey data that the Defendants reviewed?
13:28:02	9	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:28:04	10	THE WITNESS: It depends on the Defendant.
13:28:06	11	Some in the benchmarking studies had the entire labor
13:28:09	12	market, and some had a subset of firms, such as 20 or 30
13:28:14	13	firms.
13:28:14	14	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:28:15	15	Q. Tell me which had what.
13:28:17	16	A. I can't cite that off the top of my head for
13:28:20	17	all Defendants, but my recollection is that
13:28:23	18	and other firms had the universe, but I couldn't
13:28:26	19	tell you off the top of my head without reviewing the
13:28:28	20	literature and the depositions to find that out.
13:28:31	21	Q. So you think , and all the
13:28:34	22	rest had a complete universe?
13:28:36	23	A. No.
13:28:37	24	MR. KIERNAN: Wait. Wait. Object to form.

13:47:27	1	A. Because Radford is is surveying some very
13:47:30	2	large firms and obtaining data for positions within those
13:47:34	3	firms, and they're going to have a minimum sample size in
13:47:40	4	order to make the data public.
13:47:46	5	Q. So because there are some companies whose
13:47:48	6	headcount is large, therefore it must be that every
13:47:50	7	position has a large headcount; is that what your
13:47:53	8	assumption is?
13:47:55	9	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:47:56	10	THE WITNESS: I'm stating that Radford wouldn't
13:47:57	11	make the data public for a particular position if they
13:48:01	12	didn't have a large enough sample size to create a mean
13:48:04	13	value that can be reported back.
13:48:07	14	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:48:07	15	Q. And what is the Radford criteria for size of
13:48:14	16	position?
13:48:15	17	A. I don't know that criteria.
13:48:18	18	Q. Do you know they have an absolute population
13:48:21	19	headcount that must exist before Radford reports it?
13:48:26	20	A. No, I don't know.
13:48:27	21	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:48:28	22	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:48:28	23	Q. Okay. So you're just making that up; is that
13:48:30	24	correct?
13:48:30	25	A. They're surveying large firms and reporting

13:48:33	1	back confidential data. Therefore, they'd want to report		
13:48:36	2	it back only if they had a reasonable sample size for		
13:48:39	3	that reporting.		
13:48:40	4	Q. But you don't know if that is actually a rule		
13:48:42	5	at all for Radford; isn't that right?		
13:48:44	6	A. I haven't studied how Radford reports data.		
13:49:01	7	Q. And you said the survey companies report back a		
13:49:04	8	mean value, is that what you said?		
13:49:07	9	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.		
13:49:08	10	BY MS. DERMODY:		
13:49:09	11	Q. Per title?		
13:49:10	12	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.		
13:49:11	13	THE WITNESS: Well, they would report mean in		
13:49:14	14	characteristics of the distribution.		
13:49:16	15	BY MS. DERMODY:		
13:49:17	16	Q. What is your understanding of what the mean		
13:49:18	17	value is?		
13:49:20	18	A. They report back the midpoint and the range so		
13:49:24	19	that companies can form their benchmarking ranges.		
13:49:31	20	Q. So this is just saying the average salary that		
13:49:33	21	is reported back; is that what you are saying?		
13:49:36	22	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.		
13:49:36	23	BY MS. DERMODY:		
13:49:37	24	Q. I want to understand what the term is. That's		
13:49:40	25	all.		

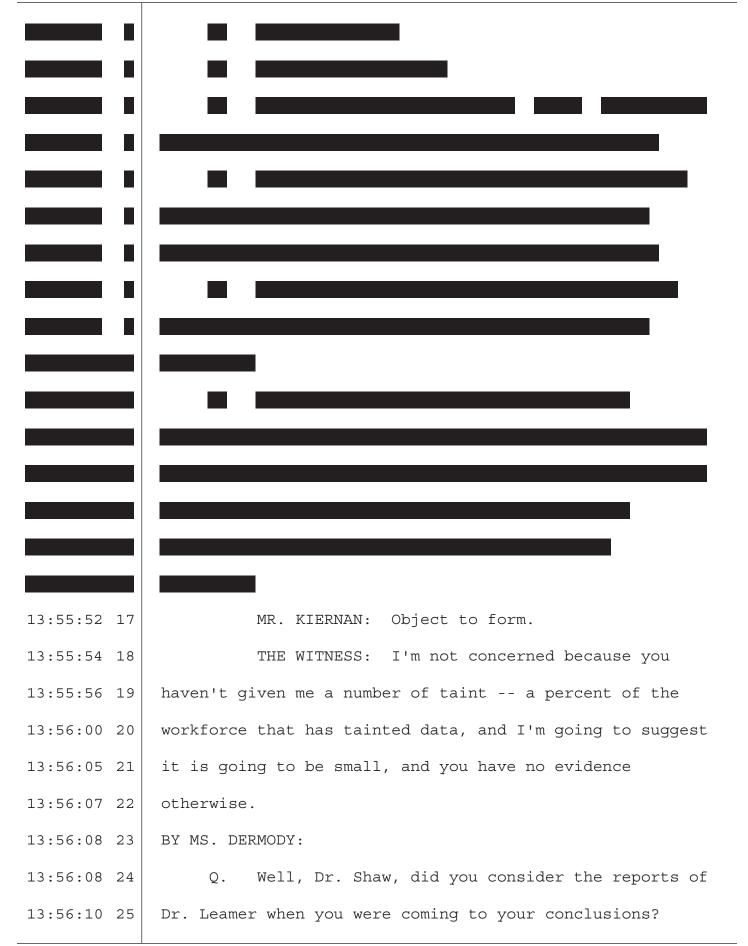
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13:49:40 1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:49:41 2	THE WITNESS: Yeah. Mean mean is average.
13:49:43 3	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:49:49 4	Q. And why is it important to keep the survey
13:49:52 5	results confidential?
13:49:55 6	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:49:57 7	THE WITNESS: What do you mean by "keep the
13:49:58 8	survey results confidential"?
13:50:21 9	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:50:21 10	Q. I'm trying to find it in the testimony. I
13:50:23 11	don't want to misstate you. I want to find out what you
13:50:25 12	meant when you said something.
13:50:26 13	I asked you a question it went away.
13:50:38 14	THE REPORTER: Hit enter when you find it.
13:50:38 15	MS. DERMODY: Okay.
13:51:16 16	Q. You said about the survey companies in an
13:51:17 17	answer, "They are surveying large firms and reporting
13:51:17 18	back confidential data. Therefore, they'd want to report
13:51:17 19	it back only if they had a reasonable sample size for
13:51:17 20	that reporting."
13:51:17 21	And my question is about the confidentiality
13:51:19 22	that you're describing.
13:51:21 23	A. Certainly. So what I have in mind is if it was
13:51:25 24	the job title that was only held at one job at Apple, and
13:51:30 25	they reported that to Radford, that Radford would not

13:51:34	1	report th	at back to companies, because that would violate
13:51:37	2	the confi	dentiality of the data, because everyone could
13:51:39	3	identify	it as an Apple job.
13:51:44	4	Q.	Is that something you know from talking to
13:51:46	5	Radford,	or are you just speculating that might be the
13:51:51	6	confident	iality concern?
13:51:52	7	Α.	I'm speculating when you use surveys of this
13:51:54	8	nature, a	nd I've worked on other surveys of this nature,
13:51:56	9	that that	's how they're conducted.
13:52:59	10	Q.	All right. We've placed in front of you a
13:53:01	11	document	previously marked as Exhibit 1606. Do you see
13:53:04	12	that on t	he first page?
13:53:06	13	A.	Yes.
13:53:08	14	Q.	And have you seen this document before?
13:53:14	15	Α.	This looks familiar.
13:53:21	16	Q.	And if you turn to the page marked 1606.12, do
13:53:25	17	you see t	hat?
13:53:36	18	Α.	Yes.
13:53:36	19	Q.	Where it says, "Benchmarking Overview"?
13:53:38	20	Α.	Right.
13:53:38	21	Q.	Do you see that?
13:53:39	22	Α.	Right.
13:53:40	23	Q.	And it indicates, "How do we measure the
13:53:43	24	market?"	Do you see that in the middle of the page?

Deposition of Kathryn Shaw, Ph.D. In Re: HIGH-TECH EMPLOYEE ANTITRUST LITIGATION 13:53:46 And you see there is a list of peer comparative 1 Q. 13:53:51 companies. Do you see that? 2 13:53:52 3 Α. Yes. And on this Google document, 13:53:53 4 Q. 13:54:01 6 Do you see that? 13:54:02 7 MR. KIERNAN: Object to form. 13:54:03 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. 13:54:04 9 BY MS. DERMODY: 13:54:05 10 Q. 13:54:16 13 MR. KIERNAN: Object to form. 13:54:26 14 THE WITNESS: 13:54:31 16 BY MS. DERMODY: 13:54:31 17 Wait.



13:56:14	1	A. I read Dr. Leamer's report, but it wasn't
13:56:17	2	relevant to assessing Kevin Hallock's work.
13:56:22	3	Q. So you didn't consider Dr. Leamer's report to
13:56:26	4	have any relevance to the question of impact; is that
13:56:30	5	correct?
13:56:31	6	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:56:32	7	THE WITNESS: I was not asked to assess overall
13:56:35	8	impact.
13:56:36	9	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:56:44	10	Q. And, therefore, you didn't review Dr. Leamer's
13:56:47	11	reports for that purpose; is that correct?
13:56:49	12	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:56:50	13	THE WITNESS: I was reviewing Kevin Hallock
13:56:53	14	and and I stated my assignment earlier. I did read
13:56:57	15	Dr. Leamer's report.
13:56:58	16	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:56:58	17	Q. But you didn't consider it relevant for the
13:57:00	18	issue of impact; is that correct?
13:57:02	19	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:57:03	20	THE WITNESS: I was not asked to assess impact.
13:57:05	21	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:57:06	22	Q. Okay. And you didn't consider Dr. Leamer's
13:57:08	23	report as evidence of impact; is that correct?
13:57:13	24	A. I just stated I wasn't asked to assess impact.
13:57:17	25	Q. I think you actually just stated that there

13:57:19 1	what no evidence of impact. Isn't that what you just
13:57:24 2	stated, Dr. Shaw?
13:57:25 3	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:57:26 4	THE WITNESS: I don't recall. Are you reading
13:57:28 5	it to me?
13:57:29 6	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:57:30 7	Q. We can read it to you. This is back here where
13:57:54 8	you were testifying, if you recall, about whether there
13:57:56 9	was tainted data, right?
13:58:00 10	A. Okay.
13:58:01 11	Q. You said there is no evidence to suggest that
13:58:04 12	it is not small. Is that correct? That's what you said.
13:58:10 13	Is that correct?
13:58:24 14	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:58:25 15	THE WITNESS: Yes. That's what I said.
13:58:26 16	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:58:27 17	Q. Okay. And you didn't consider Dr. Leamer's
13:58:32 18	analyses as evidence of impact; is that correct?
13:58:36 19	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
13:58:40 20	THE WITNESS: In the in the documents that I
13:58:42 21	reviewed, I saw no evidence of impact that would be
13:58:45 22	significant that would cause tainted data to be reported
13:58:49 23	back to these benchmarking firms.
13:58:52 24	BY MS. DERMODY:
13:58:52 25	Q. Okay. And do you recall what Dr. Leamer said

14:02:25	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:02:25	2	Q. Isn't that the point of regression, to test a
14:02:27	3	theory, as you said earlier, Dr. Shaw?
14:02:31	4	A. Dr. Leamer's analysis looks for correlations in
14:02:36	5	the data, but need not establish causal relationships.
14:02:42	6	Q. And did you actually run the data analyses
14:02:46	7	yourself?
14:02:47	8	A. No, I did not.
14:02:47	9	Q. So that's you're basing that on what
14:02:49	10	Dr. Murphy said about Dr. Leamer; is that correct?
14:02:53	11	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:02:55	12	THE WITNESS: I read all the reports, and it's
14:02:58	13	my assessment that he tested for impact, but that that
14:03:01	14	impact has not been verified.
14:03:04	15	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:03:09	16	Q. Have you read Dr. Leamer's all three of
14:03:12	17	Dr. Leamer's reports?
14:03:13	18	A. Yes, I have.
14:03:15	19	Q. Including the one that was submitted last
14:03:17	20	December?
14:03:18	21	A. Yes.
14:03:20	22	Q. But you didn't cite those in your report.
14:03:23	23	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:03:25	24	THE WITNESS: Those weren't relevant to my
14:03:26	25	assignment to evaluate Kevin Hallock's work.

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Deposition of Ka		Shaw, Ph.D. In Re: HIGH-TECH EMPLOYEE ANTITRUST LITIGATION
14:03:33	1	MR. KIERNAN: Could we take a convenience
14:03:35	2	break?
14:03:36	3	MS. DERMODY: Sure.
14:03:37	4	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of Video
14:03:38	5	No. 2. We are now off the record at 2:03.
14:09:31	6	(Recess was taken.)
14:18:54	7	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record at
14:18:55	8	2:18. This is the beginning of Video No. 3.
14:18:59	9	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:19:00	10	Q. Dr. Shaw, going back to your report, paragraph
14:19:04	11	20, it's on page 8, if you would. In
14:19:06	12	I'm sorry. Are you okay? The most important
14:19:06	13	part of the depo, whether you can be heard.
14:19:06	14	THE REPORTER: I have to hear every word.
14:19:06	15	Okay.
14:19:06	16	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:19:30	17	Q. In paragraph 20, you state that you are not
14:19:32	18	aware of any evidence that market data on base salary
14:19:37	19	increased percentages was suppressed."
14:19:41	20	Do you see that?
14:19:42	21	A. Yes, I do.
14:19:43	22	Q. And did you review any evidence that the
14:19:44	23	Defendants communicated with each other about their plans
14:19:49	24	for salary budget increases?
14:19:56	25	A. I don't know what you're referring to. The

14:19:58	1	Defendants communicated among who?
14:20:00	2	Q. Each other about that topic.
14:20:03	3	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:20:15	4	THE WITNESS: Yes, I read some depositions
14:20:16	5	where they communicated about salary.
14:20:21	6	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:20:22	7	Q. About salary budget increases; is that correct?
14:20:25	8	A. About I don't recall salary budget
14:20:27	9	increases, no. That's not correct.
14:21:02	10	Q. Dr. Shaw, the document I placed in front of you
14:21:05	11	was previously marked as Exhibit 122.
14:21:07	12	Do you see that?
14:21:13	13	A. Yes.
14:21:13	14	Q. Do you recognize that document?
14:21:20	15	A. It looks like it comes out of the McAdams
14:21:23	16	deposition.
14:21:24	17	Q. And do you recognize reading that one?
14:21:25	18	A. I can't recall.
14:21:29	19	Q. And as indicated on the top of the document, it
14:21:31	20	is from Lori McAdams, and Ms. McAdams has a Pixar dot-com
14:21:36	21	email address. Do you see that?
14:21:39	22	A. Yes, I do.
14:21:40	23	Q. And Ms. McAdams is writing a number of people,
14:21:42	24	including Sharon Coker. Do you see that?
14:21:45	25	A. Yes, I do.

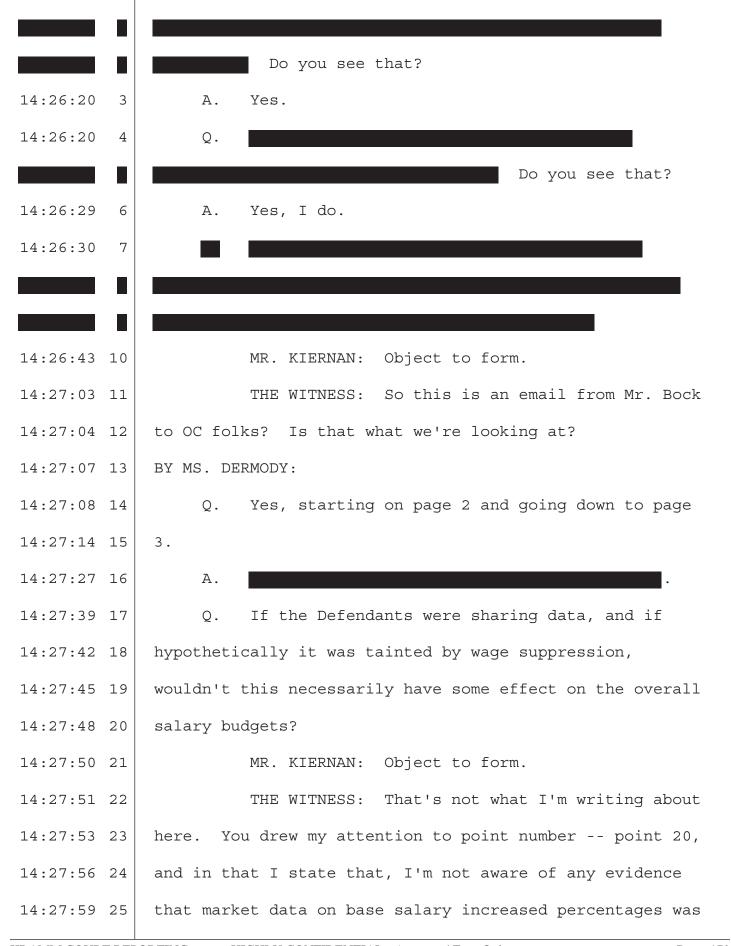
14:21:45	1	Q. And your report indicates that you reviewed
14:21:48	2	Ms. Coker's deposition. Do you recall that?
14:21:52	3	A. Yes, that's right.
14:21:54	4	Q. And do you recall that Ms. Coker is a senior
14:21:56	5	director of human resources at Lucasfilm?
14:22:00	6	A. Yes, that's right.
14:22:01	7	Q. And in looking at this email, is it your
14:22:04	8	understanding that this is a communication from
14:22:07	9	Ms. McAdams at Pixar to Ms. Coker and others at Lucas
14:22:12	10	sharing Pixar's expected budget increase numbers in
14:22:16	11	asking for Lucasfilms?
14:22:22	12	MS. SESSIONS: Object to form.
14:22:24	13	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:22:25	14	THE WITNESS: I see that Ms. McAdams is writing
14:22:29	15	to these people and and sharing her budget
14:22:34	16	information, or at least what she thinks it will be. I
14:22:39	17	don't I don't know whether this is her actual budget,
14:22:42	18	but this is her view of the budget, 4 percent.
14:22:47	19	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:22:47	20	Q. She is also asking for the salary increase
14:22:50	21	budget from Ms. Coker and others; is that correct?
14:22:54	22	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:22:59	23	THE WITNESS: She's asking again if they're
14:23:01	24	doing anything close more or less. She's not asking
14:23:05	25	for she doesn't ask for exact budget numbers.

14:23:11	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:23:11	2	Q. Well, if you see the sentence the second
14:23:14	3	sentence of the email says, "What is your salary increase
14:23:17	4	for the budget FY07." Do you see that?
14:23:20	5	A. Yes. But she follows it up by saying anything
14:23:22	6	close more or less.
14:23:24	7	Q. In looking at this document, does this refresh
14:23:26	8	your view that Ms. McAdams at Pixar and Ms. Coker were at
14:23:32	9	least in communication about what Pixar's salary increase
14:23:35	10	budget was?
14:23:37	11	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:23:45	12	THE WITNESS: Well, this shows that McAdams is
14:23:48	13	writing Coker with her budget information. I don't know
14:23:50	14	how common it is for these Defendants to share budget
14:23:54	15	information.
14:23:55	16	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:23:56	17	Q. Okay. Sorry, Dr. Shaw. I put a new document
14:24:38	18	down for you. The document placed in front of you was
14:24:43	19	previously marked as Exhibit 621. Do you see that stamp
14:24:47	20	on this document?
14:24:48	21	A. Yes.
14:24:49	22	Q. And do you see this as an email attaching other
14:24:53	23	emails from Shona Brown at Google.com?
14:24:57	24	A. Yes.
14:24:57	25	Q. To other people?

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Deposition	of Kathry	n Shaw, Ph.D.

14:24:58	1	A. Yes.
14:24:59	2	Q. Okay. And if you recall your report, I think
14:25:07	3	you list having read Shona Brown's deposition; is that
14:25:09	4	correct?
14:25:10	5	A. That's right.
14:25:11	6	Q. And do you recall she was a senior vice
14:25:13	7	president of People Operations, the HR arm of Google?
14:25:17	8	A. That's right.
14:25:19	9	Q. On the second page of the document, there is an
14:25:25	10	email that starts at the bottom from Mr. Bock, which is
14:25:30	11	directed to OC folks. Do you see that email?
14:25:41	12	A. Yes.
14:25:42	13	Q. Okay. And the email continues on to page 3.
14:25:46	14	Do you see that?
14:25:48	15	A. Yes.
14:25:49	16	Q. And on page 3 it indicates as the third point
14:25:54	17	on that page,
		Do you see that?
14:26:00	19	A. Yes.
14:26:01	20	Q. And do you see under (A) where it says,
14:26:11	23	Do you see that?
14:26:12	24	A. Yes.
14:26:13	25	Q. And do you see where it says, "They told us



14:28:03	1	suppressed or that the suppressed data resulted in an
14:28:08	2	impact on all or nearly all class members.
14:28:10	3	That's not the same as sharing budget
14:28:13	4	information.
14:28:13	5	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:28:14	6	Q. I'm exploring that with you, Dr. Shaw.
14:28:16	7	So I'm asking you if the Defendants were
14:28:19	8	sharing this data as they were, and if you assume
14:28:21	9	hypothetically that the data was tainted by wage
14:28:24	10	suppression, wouldn't that necessarily have some effect
14:28:28	11	on overall salary budgets?
14:28:31	12	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:28:33	13	THE WITNESS: As I said, I disagree with the
14:28:37	14	assumption that it was tainted, and it would have an
14:28:40	15	impact on salary budgets, but it wouldn't have an impact
14:28:44	16	on all or nearly all class members because salaries are
14:28:48	17	actually chosen by individual managers as a function of
14:28:53	18	performance pay. So it wouldn't you wouldn't reach
14:28:56	19	the conclusion that it would impact all or nearly all
14:28:58	20	class members.
14:28:59	21	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:29:00	22	Q. Well, if there was a difference in a salary
14:29:02	23	budget, let's say it was .5 percent, okay?
14:29:10	24	A. Different, you mean.
14:29:11	25	Q. Let's say it was .5 percent, hypothetically.

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1	Q. So you have no empirical evidence that mid-tier
2	performers would see no benefit if the salary budget was
3	increased; is that correct?

MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.

THE WITNESS: There is -- the evidence is that there is high variability in this and that low performers need not benefit. Mid-performers -- it could be that when there is a salary reduction, that it goes all to star performers. It was up to the individual managers to decide how to allocate that budget, and when there is a change in the budget, that need not impact all or nearly all class members.

BY MS. DERMODY:

- Q. Please tell me what is the empirical evidence that if a salary budget was raised, that a mid-tier performer would stay the same in terms of how much money they made.
- A. We don't have that evidence, because we don't have budget data, but we do have the evidence that there is high variability in wages across all individuals so that it need not be the case that all or nearly all class members are affected.
- Q. So the only empirical evidence that an increase in salary budget would only impact a few people is that there is high variability in wage; is that correct?

14:30:59 13 BY MS.

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14:31:33	1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:31:41	2	THE WITNESS: The evidence is that from one
14:31:42	3	year to the next, pay increases vary tremendously across
14:31:46	4	individuals, so that when the salary budget changes, it
14:31:50	5	need not be the case that it would effect all or nearly
14:31:53	6	all class members.
14:31:54	7	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:32:06	8	Q. And what is your understanding of the
14:32:09	9	percentage of employees that were low performers that
14:32:12	10	would get no salary increase no matter what at any given
14:32:16	11	firm in any given year?
14:32:18	12	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:32:21	13	THE WITNESS: I don't have the numbers for low
14:32:24	14	performers across years. Those aren't in the datasets
14:32:27	15	that were provided to Kevin, and they're not available.
14:32:32	16	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:32:33	17	Q. Do you have any informed guess as to what those
14:32:37	18	numbers would be? I mean would you expect that 25
14:32:40	19	percent of these companies are low performers that won't
14:32:44	20	get any raise?
14:32:53	21	A. There is no way of knowing because raises are
14:32:55	22	given out on a highly individual level so that even
14:32:59	23	though even if we had the performance evaluation data,
14:33:04	24	we'd have to link it up to the pay data in order to tell
14:33:07	25	what those percentages are.

14:33:08	Q. Well, Dr. Shaw, you studied different companies
14:33:10 2	in Silicon Valley; is that right?
14:33:13	A. That's correct.
14:33:13	Q. And have you ever seen a company where 25
14:33:15	percent of the company was performing so poorly that
14:33:17	thing didn't deserve a raise?
14:33:20	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:33:21 8	THE WITNESS: The companies have never revealed
14:33:23	their wage information as correlated with their
14:33:26 10	performance evaluation information.
14:33:28 11	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:33:29 12	Q. So you've never studied performance evaluation
14:33:31 13	related to pay; is that correct?
14:33:33 14	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:33:36 15	THE WITNESS: I've discussed performance
14:33:37 16	evaluation pay, and it's quite apparent that in these
14:33:41 17	tech companies when they have low performers, they do not
14:33:44 18	give them pay increases, and that was clear on all the
14:33:47 19	depositions and that I read, where it was strongly
14:33:51 20	advised that managers were given guidelines to give zero
14:33:55 21	increases to low performers.
14:33:57 22	MS. DERMODY: I'm going to move to strike that
14:33:59 23	last answer as non-responsive.
14:34:01 24	Q. Dr. Shaw, in your history of decades of
14:34:06 25	studying companies, have you ever studied the

14:34:10	1	relationship between performance rating and pay?		
14:34:15	2	A. I've studied it only in talking to companies,		
14:34:18	3	and I haven't studied it with data, because that data is		
14:34:27	4	confidential, but I've studied it in conversations with		
14:34:30	5	companies and conversations with executives.		
14:34:32	6	Q. And what published peer-reviewed articles do		
14:34:35	7	you have on the relationship between performance rating		
14:34:37	8	and pay?		
14:34:42	9	A. There are no published peer-reviewed articles		
14:34:45	10	on it.		
14:34:46	11	Q. Going back to your report, paragraph 24, you		
14:35:16	12	state that a formalized compensation system,		
14:35:19	13	quote/unquote, "can be carried out and implemented in a		
14:35:23	14	way that some workers' wages can be adjusted without		
14:35:26	15	widespread effect on other workers."		
14:35:29	16	Do you see that?		
14:35:30	17	A. Yes.		
14:35:30	18	Q. Have you done an empirical study of that here?		
14:35:47	19	A. No, Dr. Hallock did not present an empirical		
14:35:52	20	study, and I do not have an empirical study of how		
14:35:55	21	workers wages not in this manner.		
14:35:58	22	Q. Have you ever studied that quantitatively in		
14:36:01	23	any other organization?		
14:36:12	24	A. These datasets are not typically made available		
14:36:14	25	to researchers.		

14:36:15	1	Q. So the answer is no?	
14:36:17	2	A. So I haven't studied the quantitative impact.	
14:36:39	3	Q. Paragraph 25, you indicate in this paragraph	
14:36:43	4	that, one should examine the data to determine whether	
14:36:46	5	there was impact to all or nearly all class members. Do	
14:36:50	6	you see that? I'm not quoting, I'm paraphrasing.	
14:36:58	7	A. Right.	
14:37:00	8	Q. And it's fair to say that you didn't do that	
14:37:03	9	study here; is that correct?	
14:37:04	10	A. Well, when you paraphrase, you say, one should	
14:37:07	11	examine the evidence regarding how actual pay decisions	
14:37:09	12	were made and the compensation data. I have examined the	
14:37:13	13	evidence on how actual pay decisions were made.	
14:37:16	14	Q. But you didn't study the data; is that correct?	
14:37:18	15	A. The data is I didn't study the data.	
14:37:21	16	Q. Okay.	
14:37:22	17	A. But I did study the evidence on how they were	
14:37:24	18	made.	
14:37:24	19	Q. But you didn't study the limitations on	
14:37:27	20	discretion or anything else like that as we talked about	
14:37:29	21	earlier; is that correct?	
14:37:31	22	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	
14:37:33	23	THE WITNESS: There is no data on there is	
14:37:38	24	no dataset provided that would show limitations on	
14:37:40	25	discretion.	

14:45:01	1	wouldn't that be your conclusion, it was a rule, not a	
14:45:05	2	guideline?	
14:45:06	3	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	
14:45:10	4	THE WITNESS: No. It could well be that annual	
14:45:13	5	pay increases still kept people within the salary range	
14:45:17	6	even though they were targeting pay for performance as a	
14:45:20	7	function so that the annual increase was a function of	
14:45:23	8	performance.	
14:45:25	9	BY MS. DERMODY:	
14:45:59 1	10	Q. Okay. Going to paragraph 38, as indicated in	
14:46:16 1	11	38, you would agree, wouldn't you, that there are	
14:46:18 1	12	occasions when pay is adjusted for employees who get	
14:46:23 1	13	outside offers; is that right?	
14:46:26 1	14	A. As I say here, in relative rare instances, pay	
14:46:30 1	15	may be adjusted to retain an employee when he or she	
14:46:34 1	16	receives an outside offer.	
14:46:39 1	17	Q. And on what evidence do you say that this is a	
14:46:41 1	18	rare occasion?	
14:46:44 1	19	A. I say it based on the evidence from the	
14:46:46 2	20	depositions where people are often asked how often they	
14:46:50 2	21	counteroffer, and they say it's very rare, and it's	
14:46:54 2	22	only counteroffers are only made to those individuals	
14:46:57 2	23	who are star performers.	
14:46:58 2	24	Q. Did you also see deposition evidence that	
14:47:01 2	25	showed companies acting proactively preemptively to	

14:47:05	1	adjust salaries to avoid retention or attrition risks?	
14:47:12	2	A. There is a way in which companies react	
14:47:14	3	proactively, and react I mean how there is a way in	
14:47:17	4	which companies attempt to preempt people leaving, and	
14:47:22	5	the way they do that is by gathering market data so that	
14:47:25	6	they target the market wage to what is the alternative	
14:47:30	7	wage would be for the employee.	
14:47:39	8	Q. And isn't one of the ways to ascertain what the	
14:47:42	9	market rate is for employees by finding out what	
14:47:45	10	competitors are offering for those jobs?	
14:47:48	11	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	
14:47:49	12	THE WITNESS: The way in which they act	
14:47:51	13	preemptively is by gathering data from firms like Radford	
14:47:54	14	to find out what the ongoing salaries are and also using	
14:47:58	15	data on equity and bonus to try and pay people what their	
14:48:02	16	alternative wage would be.	
14:48:03	17	BY MS. DERMODY:	
14:48:04	18	Q. Is it your testimony that companies did not use	
14:48:06	19	competitive offers to ascertain what the market is paying	
14:48:09	20	for salaries?	
14:48:11	21	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	
14:48:12	22	THE WITNESS: What what companies do is they	
14:48:14	23	use the Radford data and like Radford data to figure out	
14:48:19	24	what the alternative wage is at companies.	
	25	//	

14:48:21	1	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:48:22	2	Q. May I ask again since you didn't answer the
14:48:24	3	question.
14:48:24	4	Is it your testimony that companies did not use
14:48:26	5	competitive offers to ascertain what the market is paying
14:48:29	6	for salaries? "Yes" or "no"?
14:48:31	7	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:48:31	8	THE WITNESS: I don't know that I testified to
14:48:33	9	that earlier. Do you have those words?
14:48:35	10	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:48:35	11	Q. I'm trying to understand what your testimony
14:48:37	12	is. You said the companies use Radford data. Is that
14:48:40	13	the only thing they use, but do they also use competitive
14:48:44	14	offers?
14:48:44	15	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:48:46	16	THE WITNESS: They will on occasion match a
14:48:47	17	competitive offer in rare instances where people where
14:48:52	18	a person is a star performer.
14:48:54	19	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:48:54	20	Q. And we're talking now about preemptive
14:48:58	21	strategies to prevent attrition, correct?
14:49:02	22	A. Okay.
14:49:03	23	Q. And one of the ways that you testified they
14:49:08	24	use they ascertain they should they should use a
14:49:15	25	preemptive strategy is by using market data; is that

14:54:01	1	And certainly during the recession that was less so.		
14:54:04	2	BY MS. DERMODY:		
14:54:05	3	Q. Are you aware that in the Valley, in general,		
14:54:07	4	in the last eight years, there has been a very high		
14:54:11	5	demand for engineering talent?		
14:54:13	6	A. Again, you'd have to state what it means to be		
14:54:16	7	a very high demand.		
14:54:18	8	Q. Would you admit that there has been a demand		
14:54:20	9	for engineering talent, Dr. Shaw?		
14:54:22	10	A. The demand was higher prior to the recession, I		
14:54:25	11	would admit that.		
14:54:26	12	Q. And prior to 2009?		
14:54:28	13	A. Prior to right, prior to the recession in		
14:54:31	14	2009.		
14:54:31	15	Q. And did you make any attempt to determine		
14:54:38	16	whether there was more resistance to technical people		
14:54:46	17	leaving firms when there was such a high demand in that		
14:54:49	18	time period?		
14:54:51	19	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.		
14:55:07	20	THE WITNESS: I don't I don't know what		
14:55:08	21	you're referring to. Did I do a study to see what		
14:55:11	22	turnover changed with the business cycle? Is that what		
14:55:14	23	you're asking?		
14:55:14	24	BY MS. DERMODY:		
14:55:15	25	Q. Or whether there was fewer people considered		

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14:55:22 1	lower achievers in that cycle.
14:55:25 2	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
14:55:33 3	THE WITNESS: There are lower achievers every
14:55:35 4	year. I'm not sure what what study you want me to do.
14:55:38 5	BY MS. DERMODY:
14:55:39 6	Q. You didn't do anything with performance ratings
14:55:42 7	in this case; is that right?
14:55:43 8	A. That's correct.
14:56:38 9	Q. In the course of your investigation in this
14:56:41 10	case, did you come across information about the Google
14:56:44 11	Big Bang?
14:56:46 12	A. Yes, I did.
14:56:47 13	Q. And what's your understanding what that was?
14:56:50 14	
14:57:19 21	Q. And aren't you aware that as a result of the
14:57:22 22	change, every employee's base salary went up 10 percent?
14:57:25 23	A. Yes, I am.
14:57:26 24	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.
25	//

14:57:27	1	BY MS. DERMODY:	
14:57:27	2	Q. And are you aware that that happened after the	
14:57:29	3	Department of Justice investigated Google and others for	
14:57:32	4	the no cold calling agreements and stopped them from	
14:57:35	5	doing that?	
14:57:36	6	A. Stopped them from doing what?	
14:57:38	7	Q. Having no cold call agreements.	
14:57:40	8	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	
14:57:44	9	THE WITNESS: Yes. It occurred after the	
14:57:46	10	Department of Justice investigation. I'm that's true.	
14:57:49	11	BY MS. DERMODY:	
14:58:09	12	Q. And isn't the Google Big Bang an example of a	
14:58:13	13	company making a corporate-wide change to salary that	
14:58:16	14	affected every employee at the company?	
14:58:19	15	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	
14:58:20	16	THE WITNESS: They were making an adjustment in	
14:58:22	17	how they paid people during one instance, but that	
14:58:26	18	doesn't mean that they that that that was one pay	
14:58:30	19	adjustment across all employees, but that doesn't mean	
14:58:33	20	that they were that this is a common, you know,	
14:58:37	21	change. No other companies made such a change.	
14:58:40	22	BY MS. DERMODY:	
14:58:41	23	Q. But you didn't study their compensation to	
14:58:43	24	confirm that, did you?	
14:58:45	25	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	

14:58:47	1	THE WITNESS: I didn't study their compensation		
14:58:48	2	to confirm what?		
14:58:49	3	BY MS. DERMODY:		
14:58:49	4	Q. That the other companies didn't make a global		
14:58:52	5	change to compensation. That's not an empirical		
14:58:59	6	statement, is what I'm asking you.		
14:59:01	7	A. That's not an empirical statement.		
14:59:04	8	Q. Dr. Shaw, other than what you've stated in your		
14:59:18	9	report and testified to today, is there anything else in		
14:59:22	10	the Hallock report that you disagree with?		
14:59:34	11	A. I've stated that I felt there were no avenues		
14:59:37	12	whatsoever by which he has shown that there was an impact		
14:59:41	13	from pay suppression to all or nearly all employees. I		
14:59:47	14	can't say that there isn't anything else in his entire		
14:59:49	15	report I wouldn't disagree with. I didn't look at it		
14:59:52	16	with that in mind.		
14:59:54	17	Q. Other than what's in your report and what		
14:59:56	18	you've said here today, do you have any other opinions		
14:59:59	19	about what you just said about Dr. Hallock's conclusions?		
15:00:05	20	A. I believe he hasn't shown any evidence		
15:00:08	21	whatsoever that there that pay suppression was was		
15:00:14	22	propagated to all or nearly all employees.		
15:00:17	23	Q. So your primary criticism of him is that he		
15:00:20	24	hasn't shown the actual pay decisions and the impact that		
15:00:24	25	resulted from the no cold calling; is that correct?		

15:00:27	1	MR. KIERNAN: Object to form.	
15:00:31	2	THE WITNESS: I believe he hasn't looked	
15:00:33	3	carefully at the pay practices that are actually utilized	
15:00:37	4	by these companies and that this is a pay performance	
15:00:39	5	environment and that as a result of that, the that	
15:00:43	6	there would not be propagation from a few employees to	
15:00:47	7	many or all employees.	
15:00:49	8	BY MS. DERMODY:	
15:00:49	9	Q. Okay. And other than what you've just said, is	
15:00:52	10	there anything else you would say that's not already	
15:00:54	11	covered in your report or that you've testified to that's	
15:00:57	12	an opinion that you would express in this case about	
15:01:00	13	Dr. Hallock's work?	
15:01:08	14	A. About his report.	
15:01:09	15	Q. Yes.	
15:01:12	16	A. I don't have any line-by-line commentary on his	
15:01:16	17	report.	
15:01:17	18	Q. Okay. So there is nothing else to add. I just	
15:01:19	19	want to make sure.	
15:01:21	20	A. Correct.	
15:01:22	21	Q. Okay. I'm just going to ask you, in terms of	
15:01:27	22	today's deposition, did you meet with counsel to prepare	
15:01:30	23	for it?	
15:01:32	24	A. Yes.	
15:01:33	25	Q. And when was that?	

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16:41:16	1	I, Rosalie A. Kramm, Certified Shorthand	
16:41:16	2	Reporter licensed in the State of California, License No.	
16:41:16	3	5469, hereby certify that the deponent was by me first	
16:41:16	4	duly sworn and the foregoing testimony was reported by me	
16:41:16	5	and was thereafter transcribed with computer-aided	
16:41:16	6	transcription; that the foregoing is a full, complete,	
16:41:16	7	and true record of said proceedings.	
16:41:16	8	I further certify that I am not of counsel or	
16:41:16	9	attorney for either of any of the parties in the	
16:41:16	10	foregoing proceeding and caption named or in any way	
16:41:16	11	interested in the outcome of the cause in said caption.	
16:41:16	12	The dismantling, unsealing, or unbinding of the	
16:41:16	13	original transcript will render the reporter's	
16:41:16	14	certificates null and void.	
16:41:16	15	In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand	
16:41:16	16	this day: July 6, 2013.	
16:41:16	17	X Reading and Signing was requested.	
16:41:16	18	Reading and Signing was waived.	
16:41:16	19	Reading and signing was not requested.	
16:41:16	20		
16:41:16	21		
16:41:16	22	ROSALIE A. KRAMM	
16:41:16	23	CSR 5469, RPR, CRR	
16:41:16	24		
15:12:19	25		

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